THE OYEN NEWS

VOL. 19, No. 42. OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 14, 1932 PAGE ONE

A Reminder

So many of our subscribers pay their subscriptions at this season of the year, a reminder is not out of place at the present time. And more especially should this be taken note of by those in arrears for a year or more.

THE OYEN NEWS

TO BE RELIED ON

In long experience with United Grain Growers Limited in selling their grain and in buying farm supplies, not only shareholders but all farmer customers have learned that this is an organization that is to be relied on.

Both the Company's facilities and its purpose to give the best possible service to farmers are unsurpassed.

Deliver Your Grain To

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS Ltd

Elevators at Oyen, New Brigden, Sedalia

Batteries Recharged

We are prepared to give you A.1 service when recharging Radio and Car wet batteries.

Our equipment is the best obtainable and it is our desire to give you the best service possible.

Bring your batteries to us.

Price For Recharging Batteries

$1.00

JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Main Street, Oyen Phone 14

Curlers Open Season Saturday Night

Vice-president Langmuir Wins President-Vice-president Series

The curling season got away to an official start last Saturday night when two games in the president vs. vice president series were played off, followed by two games on Monday night and two games on Tuesday night.

President		Vice president	
Purcell	9	Langmuir	11
Gibson	11	Scott	14
Miller	12	Sharp	7
Marshall	6	Willison	12
Morrison	15	Johnson	8
Lynett	8	Lees	16
Total	61		68

Hobberlin Cup Trophy

Play in a knock-out competition for the Hobberlin cup will be commenced tonight with Purcell vs Langmuir and Gibson vs Johnson, scheduled to play in the opening stanza. Tomorrow night Miller vs Willison and Scott vs Morrison. Friday night Sharp vs Lees and Marshall vs. Lynett.

Gas Conservation Order

Gas production quotas for Turner Valley companies have been set by the Alberta Gas Conservation Board formed by the government to devise a plan for the field's life. The board has ordered gas production in the whole field cut to 200,000,000 cubic feet daily and has set the daily quota for each company. These quotas will be enforced until a decision is reached by the various companies on a voluntary pooling scheme to come before a public meeting of the conservation board in January. The government hopes the gas companies in January will be able to arrive at a voluntary pooling plan under which production will be reduced less than 200,000,000 cubic feet and all companies will receive a fair return.

Christmas Concert

Don't forget the annual Christmas entertainment in Oyen Theatre, Thursday, December 22. The program is given by the Sunday school classes of Oyen United Church. Santa will be present in person to distribute stockings to the youngsters.

Many Women Take Homesteads

Almost one-third of the homestead lands taken up since July 2, 1931, in Alberta, under the new provincial government regulations, have been secured by women. When Alberta took over its own lands, the regulations covering homesteading rights were changed to provide for a three-years' residence in the province before entry for homesteads could be made, and also to permit women, whether married, single, or widows, to take up land. As a result the number taken by women since then has been, 2,292, compared with 5,012 taken by men.

Buffalo Round-Up

The annual slaughter of surplus buffalo in Wainwright national park, where is quartered the last remaining large herd of buffalo on the continent, has been under way, more than 1,200 being killed off. A large quantity of the meat is shipped to eastern markets. Some of the meat is being made into pemmican for the Indians and Eskimos of the far north.

Alberta's Bird Sanctuaries

Six birds sanctuaries exist in Alberta, being now under the control of the provincial land and mines department, having been taken over at the time of the transfer of the natural resources from federal control. These sanctuaries are being fully maintained and total in area some 264 square miles. There are also five small sanctuaries authorized and maintained by cities and private persons. There are 32 public shooting areas in the province, totalling some 36,609 miles in area.

Alberta Turkeys For Britain

Alberta being the leading province in Canada for turkey production, the usual large shipments to outside markets for the fall and Christmas trade have commenced. Producers annually ship some 75 carloads from the province to these markets. This year a shipment has already been made to the British market.

Christmas Suggestions

Santa Claus is here and he is making his Headquarters right in our store. He wants to show you the many new things suitable for Christmas giving.

Children's, Misses and Women's bed room slippers 60c and up.

Ladies Silk Hose
Silk knit Lingerie
Fancy Handkerchiefs in boxes 25c and up
Fancy Beads 25c
Fancy Stationery in boxes 25c and up.
Fancy Candy at 45c and up
Neck Ties 35c and up
Holeproof and silk sox
Fancy Dishes and Dinner Sets

Forsyth Shirts, Belts and suspenders, and many other suitable articles will be found right here.

Fancy Christmas Candy per pound 20c and up.
6 lbs. Mixed nuts new seasons goods for $1.00
Jap oranges per box $1.10
3 lbs. popping corn for 25c

S. A. MILLER

Member of Associated Grocers Ltd.



Christmas Service
at 11 a.m.
Sunday
December 25th, 1932
(Christmas Day)

Oyen United Church

You are cordially invited to attend this service.

When you require

Job Printing

place your order with

The Oyen News

With the Curlers at Excel Bonspiel

F. E. Thayer wins Grand Challenge



"Sandy" says "Mon, there was some bonny curlin' done by the lads and lassies!"

Wm. Morrell
Mon. 1.30 p.m.
F. E. Thayer

F. E. Thayer
Wed. 1.30 p.m.
C. A. Bishop
R. E. Bishop
Tues. 7.30
Geo. Morrison
C. McMurray
Tues. 10.30 p.m.
F. E. Bishop
F. E. Bishop
G. Langmuir
Wed. 10.30 p.m.
W. McKibbon
Bert Shantz
Tues. 1.30 p.m.
L. Wiley
Thos. Lees
Mon. 4.30 p.m.
S. Thayer
S. A. Miller
Wed. 7.30 p.m.
Excel
K. Thompson
Mon. 7.30 p.m.
R. Green

F. E. Thayer
R. E. Bishop
B. Shantz
T. Lees
S. A. Miller
K. Thompson

Thayer
Bishop
Shantz
Thompson

F. E. Thayer

R. Green
C. McMurray
C. A. Bishop
S. A. Miller
L. H. Wiley
G. Langmuir
W. McKibbon
G. Morrison
Excel
T. Lees

R. Green
C. A. Bishop
G. Langmuir
W. McKibbon
Lees
R. E. Bishop
S. Thayer
W. Morrell

R. Green
G. Langmuir
G. Langmuir
R. E. Bishop
W. Morrell

Langmuir Waits in Final of Second Event

To Keep One's Balance

In the years prior to the great market crash in the Fall of 1929, when practically everyone was employed and wages high, crops good and prices high, both import and export trade at a record high level, railways busy, and activity manifest in every line of business, any person who gave voice to a note of warning, who urged a slowing up of the pace at which goods were being produced and sold on the instalment plan, who offered criticism of the reckless manner in which people of all classes were going into debt because credit was easy, who expressed the opinion that our industrial structure was being expanded far beyond the needs of the country,—such a person was regarded as a confirmed pessimist, a "back number," non-progressive, almost disloyal as a citizen because his viewpoint and attitude was regarded as detrimental to the advancement and welfare of the country.

In three short years the attitude of the general public has swung to the other extreme. Because hundreds of thousands are out of work, wages have been sharply reduced, crops have failed or been reduced in volume, prices have dropped below costs of production, the trade of the country has been all shot to pieces and imports and exports cut in half, with the railways in the doldrums, with every industry and business struggling to keep going, and with the mass of the people now confronted with the obligation of paying those debts they so cheerfully contracted only a few short years ago,—because of these things any person who may now sound a note of courage, who declares that the depression is, after all, only temporary in character, that business will revive, workers again be employed, good crops and better prices come, and prosperity be again established, is laughed at as a hopeless optimist, a dreamer of dreams, or he is derided as an upholder of Capitalism, one who is incapable of learning anything, who is opposed to advancing and improvement in methods, and who lacks all sympathy with those who are suffering at the present time. In a word, it is the person who now looks to the future with hope and courage that is regarded almost as lacking in patriotism.

This swinging from one extreme to another is characteristic of people. So many of us have what has been termed "a one-track mind." We follow the crowd, fail to think for ourselves and exert our individuality, are swayed by the psychology of the mass. We hate to be thought of as "queer" or "different," and pointed at as a pessimistic crank at one time or an optimistic crank at another time, when, as a matter of fact, we are but remaining normal human beings, refusing to be stampeded one way or another.

When public opinion thus sways en masse to one extreme or another, the inevitable effect in any democracy is that governments are forced into the taking of actions which the considered judgment of the members of those governments would oppose; which even a majority of the people would oppose in their calmer moments, and which they later do oppose and blame the governments they themselves forced into the taking of such actions. People individually and collectively can be protected and safeguarded to some extent from making mistakes, but they cannot be prevented from making them. Once made they must pay the price of their mistakes. Nobody and nothing can save them from the obligation to pay.

So it is that at the present time, when masses of the people refuse to see any light ahead, any hope for the future, and are obsessed with the idea that the present depression is not a temporary, an abnormal condition, but that it has become chronic and will remain as a permanent condition unless everything is torn up by the roots and a new start made all over again, policies are being advocated and demands made in the light of existing difficulties as if they were, in truth and fact, a permanently established condition.

Such an assumption is false, and policies grounded in a false assumption can have but one result,—the making of disastrous blunders if effect is given to them. Times are difficult, but that does not mean they will permanently remain so. Problems calling for solution are many and great, but they are not insoluble. Changes are necessary, but they are being made every day; always have been and always will be necessary in a changing world. Reforms of many kinds are called for, and they, too, are being effected. Changed conditions create the necessity for reforms. They have always been effected. There are periods in the world's history when the cause of reform seems to lag, almost stop, but it never stops. The movement is ever onward and the direction is ever upward.

Facing the danger of being termed an optimistic crank, we have no hesitation in saying that the present condition is not a permanent condition, not a normal one. We go further and say that for people to regard the existing condition as a normal condition, and to adopt policies based on such a false assumption, would be just about the greatest blunder they could possibly make. They would find out, when it was too late, that they had made a mistake greater and more serious in its results than those other mistakes which have landed the world in the present state.

If the democratic ship of state has sprung a leak, we must man the pumps and close up the leaks; not run the ship on to the rocks and smash it up. If our social and economic structure has developed weaknesses, if cracks have appeared in its foundation and walls, if it has shifted somewhat out of plumb, we surely have the brains, the ability, the energy to repair the damage wrought, and are not forced to the extremity of blowing up to the whole structure or tearing it to pieces.

And because we were all too optimistic three, four and five years ago,—and entered upon policies we now realize were mistaken,—are we not just as apt to be making the second mistake of being too pessimistic now and again embarking upon equally mistaken policies, but more serious in their results because they are of a destructive, rather than of a constructive, character?

Conditions are not normal. Because they are not normal, our outlook on life is not normal. And when neither conditions nor ourselves are normal is the worst possible time to decide vital issues affecting our whole future.

Treasured Heirloom

Famous Telescope Used By Nelson At Trafalgar Is Sold

The famous auction parlors of Christie witnessed recently the selling of the historic telescope used by Admiral Nelson in the strategic battle of Trafalgar. The treasured piece, which had been handed down for many years as an heirloom, was sold for 1,430 guineas (about $5,750).

Another historic article which dates back to the same naval battle was the silver watch that was presented to Midshipman Pollard after he shot the sharpshooter who had mortally wounded Admiral Nelson The watch was sold for 135 guineas, about $533.

Reconstruction in the destroyed Chapel area of Shanghai, China is proceeding very slowly.

Monsters Of the Deep

Expedition Will Sink Depths Five Miles In Ocean Depths

Translating the "language" of monsters of the ocean deeps, who may send their love calls and hunting cries by flashing lights and mysterious vibrations, will be one objective of an expedition announced by the Smithsonia Institution.

Starting Jan. 15, the expedition will grapple five miles under the Atlantic, in regions so far unexplored, for creatures that live there under pressure no land-dweller could withstand and which have no normal eyes because of the inky darkness.

Traps equipped with lights of different colors and intensities will be lowered to learn which best attracts the deep-sea animals.

Headaches and Dizzy Spells Nerves In Bad Condition

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Mr. Neil Crawford, Hamilton, Ont., writes:—"My nerves were in such bad condition I found it almost impossible to get a good night's sleep. I was also bothered with headaches and dizzy spells.

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief, but after I had taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I could hardly believe the change they had made in my condition."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

U.S. Deportation Law

Move To Submit Bill To Lessen Severity Of Existing Legislation

A bill mitigating the severity of existing United States deportation laws, under which 40,000 people have been expelled from the United States in the last two years, is ready for submission to congress. It was drafted by Reuben Oppenheimer, Baltimore lawyer, who last year wrote the Wickersham law enforcement, accus ng the labor department of unfair and autocratic practices in its drive to rid the country of undesirable aliens.

Liberal members of congress have more recently voiced two criticisms of the department's policy. They say that aliens have been sent back to face firing squads or long jail terms for political offences, as for instance anti-Fascists to Italy and counter-revolutionaries to Russia. It is also charged that aliens have been arrested, held incommunicado and deported after secret hearings before government officers at which they had no opportunity to retain counsel.

The bill written by Mr. Oppenheimer sets up a board of alien appeals to which any alien threatened with deportation may publicly present his case with a lawyer's aid. It also provides that an alien whose deportation to his native land would endanger his life or liberty may go, at his own expense, to any country will.ng to receive him.

Of the 40,000 people deported since the beginning of 1931 about 5,000 were returned to Canada. Aliens recently held incommunicado at Buffalo for deportation, according to articles published in the press of that city, included a number of Canadians.

Fast Steamship Service

Project Advanced For Rapid Transportation Between Europe and America

Plans for formation of an international syndicate to carry out the project for fast steamer and air transportation between Europe and America, via Galway and Halifax, are well under way.

Speaking at Dublin, Senator John Clendinning, chairman of the Irish Transport Corporation, which is mainly responsible for the project, declared a prospectus would be issued immediately. The capital needed for init al preparations was $125,000, he added. Senator Clendinning said great interests had been aroused in the United States and he had been invited to New York to confer with prominent bankers.

The project involves construction of first-class combined airport and harbor facilities at Galway and Halifax, the respective steamship terminals for Europe and America. The air services will radiate from Galway to Britain and the continent, and from Halifax through the Dominion and to the United States if the scheme eventuates. Senator Glendinning said the governments of the United Kingdom, Ireland, and Canada, were apprised of the scheme.

Automatic Gear Changing

New Device For Cars To Be Patented Soon

A car which changes its own gears is being sponsored by Mr. Vincent Bendix, an American motor engineer, who has been visiting London for the motor show. The driver never needs to touch the gear lever or clutch pedal.

The device was invented by a young man called Marcus, who is in Mr. Bendix's firm. The secret of its operation is being jealously guarded until the patents have been negotiated. So far there is only one car in the world fitted with the device—and that is owned by Mr. Bendix.

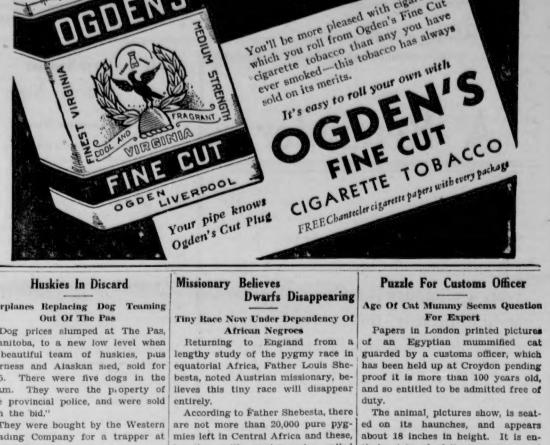
The driver can start the engine with the gear lever in "high"—and the lever will change to its proper position of its own accord, making no more noise than the gentle purr of a perfect normal gear-change. The gears even change down of their own accord when the car comes to a hill.

New Hat For British Tommy

Fashion Has Decreed Soft Headgear And Plus Fours

While the British public awaited American action on the war debts with a gloomy foreboding, the mother of parliaments was diverted with a comedy of a cap—or rather, of two caps.

As a part of a new spurt towards military efficiency, the English Tommy is to wear a soft hat and plus fours. But the fashion pundits of Whitehall have decreed just the opposite for letter carriers. The latter is to have a flat-topped cap of the type which was once termed in the army a broderick.



Huskies In Discard

Airplanes Replacing Dog Teaming Out Of The Pas

Dog prices slumped at The Pas, Manitoba, to a new low level when a beautiful team of huskies, pus harness and Alaskan sled, sold for $75. There were five dogs in the team. They were the property of the provincial police, and were sold "on the bid."

They were bought by the Western Trading Company for a trapper at Churchill.

Three years ago this team would have sold for $300. The sale has more than passing significance. Dog teaming out of The Pas is now coming to an end. The railways and aeroplanes have put an end to freighting with dogs.

At present all signs point to great activity in the God's Lake gold country to the northeast. In other years many dog trains would have been put into service to handle freight and equipment.

So far this winter there have been only a few calls for dogs. Prospectors and miners want to use planes.

The trip from Mile 137 Hudson Bay Railway to God's Lake will occupy eight days with dog team. An aeroplane will do the same trip in a couple of hours. So dogs go into the discard.

Screenings For Fuel

Demand For Refuse As Feed Has Practically Ceased

One of the interesting effects of the present low prices for grains is shown in the fact that screenings which during periods of high price found sale even in the export market as a constituent of feeding stuffs is now being used for fuel. Demand for refuse screenings as feed has practically ceased and getting rid of this bulky and fast accumulating material was quite a problem for the elevators until a market was found for its use as fuel at heat and power plants in Northwestern Ontario, in Manitoba and even as far west as Saskatchewan.

Persian Balm—the one toilet requisite for the dainty woman. Delightful to use. Leaves no stickiness. Swifty absorbed by the tissues. Delicately fragrant. Imparts a velvety loveliness to the complexion. Tones up the skin. Soothes and banishes all unpleasant roughness or chafing caused by wind and other weather conditions. Makes hands soft and white. Creates an elusive, essentially feminine charm. Persian Balm is indispensable to women of refinement.

His Interpretation

The Indian student, writing a letter to the superintendent of the mission, desired to end with the words: "May heaven preserve you."

Not being quite confident of the meaning of "preserve," he looked up a dictionary. When the letter reached the superintendent it ended with the words: "And may heaven pickle you."

Barber's Itch and Ringworm are relieved by the use of Douglas' Egyptian Liniment; quick, certain results. Relieves the most obstinate cases.

Wrighte: "Brown may have his faults, but he has the instincts of a gentleman."

Flight: "Do you think so?"

Wrighte: "I'm sure of it. When he asks his wife to bring up a scuttle of coal he always gets up and opens the door for her."

The longest waves in the ocean are generally found in the South Pacific and sometimes attain lengths of 1,000 feet.

Babson says the depression will be worn out by 1934. So will we.

Missionary Believes Dwarfs Disappearing

Tiny Race Now Under Dependency Of African Negroes

Returning to England from a lengthy study of the pygmy race in equatorial Africa, Father Louis Shebesta, noted Austrian missionary, believes this tiny race will disappear entirely.

According to Father Shebesta, there are not more than 20,000 pure pygmies left in Central Africa and these, together with semi-pygmies called Batshwas, totalling some 50,000 inhabit a territory covering some 100,000 square miles limited by the Ituri, Lenda and Lindi rivers and distributed among some 333 tribes.

Little by little, he says, these dwarf tribes have come under the dependency of negro tribes with whom they exchange game against cereals, fruits and arms.

The negro has come to look upon the pygmy as an inferior race and as slaves, Father Shebesta says. Also the meeting with the negro and subsequently the white man has rendered the pygmy familiar with alcohol and infectious diseases.

Nothing short of governmental or private initiative is able, in the opinion of Father Shebesta, to halt the downward trend of the dwarf races, which science and civilization are equally interested in preserving.

Decorated For War Service

Twins Were Wounded In Same Battle During War

For 43 years, William B. and Joseph Sebastian, twins, have been doing interesting things together.

Born at Lynchburg, Tenn., they went to the same schools and enlisted in Company E, 119th Infantry, 30th Division, in 1917.

They sailed for France on the same boat, were wounded in the same battle and returned home on the same ship.

Recently, the War Department decorated them with the Order of the Purple Heart for "military merit." The twins are automobile workers in Detroit.

Canada's Pure Bred Stock

In a report to the Minister of agriculture, A. P. MacVannel, chief registration officer, states that a total of 89,700 certificates for Canadian purebred livestock were issued during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1932. These were made up as follows: Cattle, 33,288; horses, 1,734; sheep, 13,330; swine, 10,139; foxes, 21,895; dogs, 7,380; poultry, 1,811; and goats, 123.

Cheapest of all Oils.—Considering the qualities of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and all country merchants keep it for sale. Its being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price, no one should be without a bottle of it.

The average age of the ant is ten years. Unfortunately its instinct to attend picnics uninvited is hereditary.

Coffee grown at Grand Comoro Island, off South Africa, is said to contain no caffeine.

Puzzle For Customs Officer

Age Of Cat Mummy Seems Question For Expert

Papers in London printed pictures of an Egyptian mummified cat guarded by a customs officer, which has been held up at Croydon pending proof it is more than 100 years old, and so entitled to be admitted free of duty.

The animal, pictures show, is seated on its haunches, and appears about 18 inches in height. It is entirely stripped of its wrappings, and so appears as natural as life, with whiskers and ears in perfect condition. The Cairo agent who sent the mummy alleges it is the most perfect specimen ever taken from an Egyptian tomb, and it is, at least 2,000 years old.

Customs officials admit they are not sufficiently versed in the burial ritual of ancient Egypt, and it will take an expert from the treasury to determine the age of the mummy—at least to determine whether it is below or above the century mark.

Protecton Against Forgers

Paris Banks Think Perforating Creques Would Help

Banks in Paris have just taken up the idea of perforating as well as crossing cheques as a protection against forgers. One of the private members' bill tabled for the consideration of the new Chamber of Deputies provides for such a measure. There have been many cases in France in which thieves have, by means of chemicals, removed the two diagonal lines and cashed the stolen cheque. The bill states that perforation will prevent this.

Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition, and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

Building Giant Bridge

Largest One In Europe Will Be Constructed by Denmark

Denmark is preparing to construct what is believed to be the largest bridge in Europe. It will span the Storstrommen (Great Stream) between Sjalland and the island of Falster, and will be used by railways and vehicles The total length will be 10,827 feet and the height 85 feet. The cost will total approximately $6,723,000. Work will be started immediately and the structure is to be completed in 1940. It is the first link in the proposed route between Copenhagen and Hamburg.

French Commander Now A Private

Marshal Henri Petain, the "Savior of Verdun," and one of the world's greatest soldiers, has become a private in the ranks. The distinguished French commander has accepted membership as a private on the staff of General W. McK. Evans, commander-in-chief of the department, army of northern Virginia, United Confederate Veterans.

ACTON'S STOMACH TABLETS

A PRIVATE FORMULA THAT HAS WON THOUSANDS OF GRATEFUL FRIENDS IN WESTERN CANADA. THIS IS THE ONLY ORIGINAL AND GENUINE ACTON STOMACH TABLET ON THE MARKET.

Wonderful relief for sour stomachs, gas, acidity, and excellent in the treatment of ulcers

SOLD ON MONEY BACK GUARANTEE AT YOUR DRUGGIST

7 day trial treatment only $1.00
30 day full treatment now $3.50

ACTON LABORATORIES (WESTERN)
207-A Seventh Ave. East CALGARY

UNITED STATES TO INSIST WAR DEBT BE PAID

Washington.—The United States again insisted on payment of the December 15 war debt installment, in its latest note to Great Britain, but left the way open to have it done in the manner considered least disruptive to world finance.

Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson's communication expressed confidence the United States Congress would "be willing to consider any reasonable suggestion" from Great Britain "which will facilitate payment" of the $95,350,000, due a week from today. It also revealed informal suggestions have been made to Great Britain as to how the payment might best be met, but did not show the nature of the proposals.

The note was studied with interest on Capitol Hill, but leaders were cautious in commenting on the reference to the acceptability of the new form of making the transfer.

The reply to Great Britain, said Mr. Hoover, indicated the U.S. was ready to survey the international economic situation, and noted that debt payments "have a very definite relationship to the problem of recovery."

Secretary Stimson said he welcomed the suggestion in the British note of December 1 for a joint examination of the world economic situation in preparation for the international monetary and economic conference.

He expressed a belief that "there are important avenues of mutual advantages which should be thoroughly explored," adding:

"Such an examination does not imply cancellation. In such an examination there would necessarily be consideration of other forms of tangible compensation available for the expansion of world markets for products of American agriculture and labor. And you will understand that the problem of foreign debts has in the American mind a very definite relationship with the problem of disarmament and the continued burden which competitive armament imposes upon the entire world."

Stimson commented on implications in the British note that the money loaned by the United States was spent entirely for destructive purposes, and disagreed with that view.

"Of the amount expended in the United States by our debtors after we entered the war, both before and after the armistice, most of which was borrowed from the United States government on war and relief loans, less than one-third was spent for munitions and remounts," the reply said.

"Very large amounts were spent for food, tobacco, etc.; for cotton, exchange; for relief and surplus supplies sold on credit; for repayments of commercial loans, and for interest. Much of the food, tobacco, cotton, relief and other supplies sold on credit were resold by the governments for use of their own civilian population. In certain cases these supplies were actually resold and the funds turned into the treasury of the debtor governments.

"The amounts used to purchase exchange were in reality loans by the United States to the allied countries which were no doubt expended by them, in part at least, in countries other than the United States; they served to maintain the value of allied currencies. Some of the loans made after the armistice were vital to the recovery, and indeed, to the very existence of the borrowing nations."

Women In Public Life

Lady Nancy Astor Talks To Women Members Of U.S. Congress

Washington.—Vivacious Lady Nancy Astor, British M.P., talked no international matters before the United States House Foreign Affairs Committee, but she did foreigther, in the interests of feminism, with all the women members of congress.

A greater place for women in public life was her theme. She also urged more attention to legislation benefitting women and put in a plea for the federal children's bureau.

The plan for a quiet appearance of Lord and Lady Astor before the committee concerned with House legislation touching on European matters was nipped when it attracted international attention

Arms Conference

United States Representatives Reveal Results They Are Striving To Attain

Geneva, Switzerland.—United States representatives at the five-power disarmament negotiations disclosed some of the "concrete results" which they are striving to have incorporated in a proposed temporary protocol.

Aims of the delegation include:

1.—Reduction in the size of land forces.

2.—Definition of the term "home defence troops" as apart from colonial troops.

3.—Abolition of movable artillery larger than 155 centimetres in calibre.

4.—Limitation of the tonnage and number of tanks.

5.—Limitation of the number and size of military aeroplanes and the fullest publicity regarding their size and type.

6.—Complete abolition of chemical warfare.

7.—A naval treaty between France and Italy.

8.—Recognition of the principle of state supervision of the manufacture of arms and the trade in arms.

It stressed that the proposals did not exclude regional agreements which might later be incorporated in a general disarmament treaty.

The representatives of the five powers—Great Britain, France, United States, Germany and Italy—met for only an hour as many of them wished to attend the session of the League of Nations assembly at which the Manchurian question was being considered.

World Trade Wanes

Three-Fifths Of Trade Is Destroyed Since 1929

Toronto, Ont.—Three-fifths of the world's trade has been destroyed since 1929, and the destruction is still going on, J. A. McLeod, general manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, said recently.

In a statement outlining a study of world trade conditions made by the bank, Mr McLeod pointed out while Canada has no direct interest in the present discussions regarding war debts, her indirect interest is enormous because of her position among the great trading nations. Canada, he said, did not escape the slump from 1917 onward in the United States to finance war expenditure.

Statistics from 20 nations, including Canada, the United Kingdom and United States, mentioned Mr. McLeod's statement, show that for the 12 months ending September 30, 1929, aggregate gold value of all merchandise exports was $24,500,000,000 In the 12 months ending September 30, 1932, the figure for combined exports was $9,900,000,000, a loss of $14,600,000,000, or 60 per cent.

North America shows the greatest shrinkage, according to the statement, with a 67 per cent. decline. Other decreases were: Asia, 64 per cent.; South America, 61¼ per cent.; Australia, 60 per cent.; Europe, 55 per cent.

Agriculture Must Be On Profitable Basis

One Of Greatest Essentials To Revival Of Business

Chicago.—President Henry Harriman of the United States Chamber of Commerce described indications of reviving business, but said the restoration of agriculture "to a self-respecting and profitable basis" was one of the essentials if prices and employment were to increase.

Mr. Harriman brought the viewpoint of business before the annual convention of the American Farm Bureau Federation.

Grain Movement Helps

Many Railworkers Have Been Given Work In Maritimes

Halifax, N.S.—More than 200 railworkers in the maritimes have been given employment since grain and other commodities started to roll eastward toward Halifax from upper and western Canada. Grain is still pouring into the bins at the elevators as fast as it can be handled. Five special trains pulled into Halifax within 24 hours and more are scheduled to arrive shortly.

Boy Accused By Chum

Dertoit.—Gilbert Stuart, 12 years old, who had convinced authorities the shot which killed his father was accidental, was back in the juvenile detention home accused by a schoolmate of having planned to rob his father of his week's pay and embark on a career of crime.

Saskatchewan Game Act May Have Amendment

To Prohibit Rifle Use For Shooting Game Birds

Saskatoon, Sask.—Prohibition of the shooting of game birds with rifles may be sought by the Saskatchewan Fish and Game League through amendment of the Saskatchewan Game Act, it was stated by A. E. Bence, K.C., president of that body.

Mr. Bence said he had received numerous complaints from farmers throughout the province requesting that legislation preventing the destruction of game birds by rifle fire be sought at the next session of the legislature.

It was pointed out by Mr. Bence that whole coveys of prairie chicken and wood partridge can be picked off with a rifle, which it would be impossible to shoot with a shotgun.

Farmers, according to Mr. Bence, are fearful that the pheasant crop raised last year will be practically wiped out unless some provision against rifle shooting of game birds is inserted in the act.

BRITAIN TALKS OF IMMIGRATION TO DOMINIONS

London, Eng.—The House of Commons passed a resolution urging the government to take immediate steps looking toward co-operation with the Dominions in comprehensive schemes for migration within the British Empire.

Several members who urged the government consider new migration schemes asked what had been done under this head at the Ottawa Economic Conference last summer.

Sir. J. Sandeman Allen, Conservative, reiterated the frequently repeated assertion that numerous persons deported from Canada had to become criminals in order to be sent back to the United Kingdom.

J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, replied to questioners by saying delegates to the Ottawa conference had been busy hammering out schemes for improvement of trade which would lead to prosperity in the Dominions and increase their capacity to absorb immigrants from this country.

Mr. Thomas said he hoped the return of prosperity in the Dominions was not far distant and that when it came the problem of migration would be revived.

Industrial Insurance

Would Provide Fund To Pay Cost Of Unemployment Relief

Winnipeg, Man.—Enactment of legislation to provide some form of industrial insurance to provide a fund to pay the cost of unemployment relief was recommended to the provincial government at a convention of the Union of Manitoba Municipalities. Resolutions favoring the insurance scheme and a reduction of interest charged on loans to municipalities received unanimous support. W. C. Wroth, of Ellice, Man., was re-elected president of the union.

REJECTS FUND ONUS



Hon. R. A. Hoey, Minister of Education for the province of Manitoba, who testifying before a commission enquiring into $1,000,000 shortages in college endowments, placed full responsibility for control of University of Manitoba finances on the board of governors.

Golfer Escapes Bandits

British Resident Of China Uses Golf Clubs With Telling Effect

Victoria, B.C.—When W. N. Hansell, British resident of Manchuria, was playing a round of golf on the Harbin course, he was attacked by bandits who sought to seize and hold him for ransom, but he fought them off with his clubs.

His assailants, however, did not flee before they had wounded him in the arm.

With his wounded arm in splints and supported by a sling, Mr. Hansell reached here aboard the "Empress of Canada," en route to London, with his wife and daughter.

The golfer put up unexpected resistance and used his steel golf clubs with telling effect on the heads of the bandits as they closed in upon him. The attention of others on the course was attracted and as help was in sight the bandits made off.

Use Canadian Wood

Lumber From Canada To Be Used In British Buildings

London, Eng.—Announcement was made in the House of Commons that Canadian soft woods are to be used in place of European woods in all major building contracts that come under the supervision of the commissioner of works.

W. Ormsby-Gore, commissioner of works, told the House he had been advised that there would shortly be available supplies of the Canadian products that would be used for carpentry, internal joinery and general building purposes.

Alberta Coal Output

Edmonton, Alberta.—Increase of 304,074 tons in coal production in Alberta from 3,435,901 tons in the first ten months of 1931 to 3,739,975 tons for the ten months of 1932 ended October 31 was shown in a report issued by Hon. R. G. Reid, Alberta Minister of Lands and Mines. The output for October, 1932, was 550,751 tons, an increase of 148,689 tons over October, 1931.

ANOTHER STAR REMEMBERS GOOD ADVICE



It won't be long now until the festive season is upon us. At this time one can offer no more sound advice than to repeat the old slogan: "Do your Christmas shopping early." Here is lovely Marion Nixon, screen star, who believes in being well ahead of schedule. Not only has she done her buying, but already she has despatched most of her presents. She is shown about to dispose of another cargo.

Bandit Captured

Bank Manager At Vancouver Overtakes Man Who Held Up Employee

Vancouver, B.C.—G. E. Devereaux, manager of the Royal Bank of Canada branch at 16th Avenue and Oak Street, boarded a street-car to capture at gun point a man who had just held up the bank and taken $276. The man gave the name of Harold Knight, 24, and was later charged with robbery with violence.

"I'll drop this bottle of nitroglycerin if you don't hand over the money," the man said to Devereaux, as he held up the branch. Seizing the money as it was passed over to him by W. C. Scott, teller, the bandit ran out and caught an eastbound street car which had just swung around on 16th Avenue. Devereaux followed him with a gun and stopped the street car as it was moving away.

Knight was on the front platform and Devereaux took him off at gun point, lined him up against the outside wall of the bank, keeping his gun at the man's ribs and ordered him to keep his hands high, Constable Albert Barker arrived within a few minutes and handcuffed the prisoner.

Three Wounded In Explosion

Discarded Souvenir Bomb Cause Of Accident In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—Explosion of a discarded German war souvenir bomb injured three men to hospital here seriously wounded, two of them lifted six feet by the explosion, and the third, 50 feet away, struck by a flying piece of shrapnel. A flash of flame and a shower of debris accompanied the explosion.

Harry Belkalik, 17, and John Mykliuk, 39, his stepfather, were combing a dump for bottles and rags when the youth picked up a cylindrical object, unscrewed the cap and saw a ring underneath. He pulled the ring and a few seconds later a terrific explosion blew him and his stepfather into the air.

HOOVER MUST BOOST TAXES TO BALANCE BUDGET

Washington.—Slashed $500,000,000 and more below this year's appropriations, but depending upon taxes and economics which the United States congress has firmly refused to impose, the final budget to be drawn up by outgoing President Herbert Hoover was submitted recently.

To avert a deficit in 1934, the president told congress, it would be necessary to impose a general manufacturers' sales tax of 2½ per cent.; cut government salaries 11 per cent. more than now; slash compensation and pensions to veterans, and retain the gasoline tax of one cent a gallon.

The present fiscal year, he said, will end with a deficit now estimated at more than $1,140,000,000.

The only way he could see to balance next year's budget, after the departments had completed cuts netting $397,553,000 of savings, was to enact legislation to save $182,000,000 more and to raise $492,000,000 additional revenue.

The president was silent on war debts and made no mention of prohibition or of beer. The latter was not estimated in the estimates of internal revenue receipts of the treasury.

Congress received the new budget perfunctorily. The opening pages of the message were read and then the bulk document was referred to the appropriation committees. The chairman of the House Appropriations Committee said most of the reduction made by the budget was in unemployment relief benefits.

Trapper Is Murdered

Coroner's Jury Decides Manitoba Victim Met With Foul Play

Pine River, Man.—A coroner's jury investigating the death of John Dhuhmik, 27-year-old trapper, who was found riddled with gunshots lying in a snowbank along his trap lines early Tuesday, December 6, has decided he was murdered by some person or persons unknown.

The jury heard evidence of the young man's relatives who found him not far from his parents' home after he had been missing from home all night. He died before regaining consciousness and Royal Canadian Mounted Police have been unable so far to discover any trace of the murderer

NO PREFERENCE ON SHIPMENTS ROUTED VIA U.S.

New York.—Interest of Canadian, United Kingdom and United States grain shippers has been shifted from Liverpool to London, England. Refusal of Liverpool customs authorities to allow the six cents per bushel preference on a test shipment of Canadian wheat billed through United States ports, caused the shift in the scene of this latest wheat d.ama.

Adverse action on the part of the Liverpool officials "was fully expected" by the International Export Association officers, it was said today. Foreseeing this ruling, they had photostatic copies of the certificates and bills of lading placed before the head of the British customs department several days ago.

"I expect a ruling within a day or two at the most," said the association secretary. "Today's ruling was little more than a technicality. We fully expected it."

While one official of the association expressed the belief there was a chance the London headquarters would reverse the Liverpool decision, another official said he "believed the Liverpool ruling was equivalent to definite refusal to grant the preference on Canadian grain shipped through United States."

France Must Pay

United States To Insist On Settlement December 15

Washington.—United States reply to France's second note appealing for debt relief was handed to Ambassador Claudel by Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson.

The note was formulated in extensive conferences between President Herbert Hoover, Secretary of the Treasury Ogden Mills, and Mr. Stimson.

It was believed that the communication undoubtedly insisted upon payment of France's December 15 installment on her war debt.

Ambassador Claudel called at Mr. Stimson's suburban home, and the note was presented to him there.

Trade Treaty Approved

Irish Free State Guarantees Lowest Tariff Duties To Canada

Dublin, Irish Free State.—The Dail Aireann has given its approval to the Irish Free State's Ottawa conference trade pact with Canada.

Ottawa. —Canada's trade treaty with the Irish Free State was one of the four negotiated by this country at the Imperial Economic Conference. It guarantees to Canada the lowest tariff duties imposed by the Free State against any country. In return Canada grants to the Free State the rates applicable to goods from the United Kingdom. Canada ratified the treaty 10 days ago.

Western Winter Fairs

Dates Are Set At a Meeting Held In Regina

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatoon's winter fair will be held this year during the week beginning March 27, it was announced by Manager S. W. Johns. The dates for all class "A" fairs in western Canada was set at a meeting held in Regina recently.

The Brandon fair will start March 13, running for six days. Regina's winter fair will open on March 20, while the Calgary winter fair will be in operation during the same week as the Saskatoon fair. Edmonton's winter show will open on April 3.

Had Many Adventures

Mrs. Wanderwell First Woman To To Drive From Europe To Pekin

Long Beach, Cal.—Mrs. Gilvis Wanderwell, former Winnipeg woman and widow of Captain Walter Wanderwell, mysteriously slain aboard his yacht here, had the distinction of being the first woman to drive from Europe to Pekin.

She rejoined Wanderwell in Asia. Together they toured the eastern hemisphere, lecturing and making motion pictures. Their last adventure was in South America, where they joined the search for Col. Fawcett, missing British explorer.

A Husky Youngster

Chicago.—At the age of one year, Edward Ulrech Vogt plays with an eight-pound weight, swings three-pound dumbells and carries flatirons. He's the son of Mrs. Edward J. Vogt.

Depreciation Of The Dollar

B.C. University Professor Sees Many Advantages From Depreciation Of Currency

Deliberate further reduction of the value of the Canadian dollar was advocated by Dr. W. A. Carrothers, of the University of British Columbia, in a public address, with the contention that such action would mean for Canada these things:

Improvement in the position of the primary industries; improvement in secondary industries as an offshoot of the new strength in the primary; increased employment generally; higher wages; reduced relief costs and a lessened strain on government.

Further depreciation of the dollar would increase the burden on provinces and cities in meeting service charges on their New York loans, he acknowledged, but this drawback he believed would be more than outweighed by the indirect benefits these borrowers would receive through improved conditions in the Dominion as a whole.

To help them out, however, he suggested the Dominion Government should adopt a policy of close cooperation and bear a share of the increased cost. Private borrowers with New York obligations would also face a heavier strain, but he believed the improvement they would feel in business would make it unnecessary for the Dominion to come to their assistance.

May Produce Supermen

Powerful Drug Discovered Which Has Great Possibilities

Discovery of a drug that produces "supermen" and prolongs life, among other things, was claimed in London, England, by research workers who have been studying the subject for two years in the laboratories of the London hospital and in a chemical factory.

The drug, they said, eliminates fear, breeds courage, stimulates intellectual and physical strength, and already has produced a "super-animal."

Sheep and cats, after having been given the drug, fought and killed dogs, the research workers said, the cats becoming as ferocious as tigers. At the same time, when mice were given the drug they subdued cats *without effort, it was claimed.*

The researchers centred on the function of the suprarenal or adrenal gland, he was said. One of those who took part in the experiments told representatives of the press she expected the drug to prolong expectation of life at least a decade, and that "we are afraid to contemplate its ultimate physical and social effects."

Will Preserve Teeth

Diet Of Phosphorous and Vitamin "D" Is Recommended

The first 100 per cent. scientific proof of the specific diet which will preserve teeth, namely phosphorous and vitamin "D," was credited to two Canadian missionaries to China, Dr. and Mrs. R. Gordon Agnew.

Following final scientific investigations at the University of Toronto their announcement of the final step in 10 years' research, experiments on 350 children, was hailed by Dr. E. V. McCollum, of Johns Hopkins University, one of the world's foremost dietitians, as a "milestone in scientific progress."

Their work, he said, eliminates confusion about the diet needed for teeth. Vitamin "D" comes from sunshine and cod liver oil, or their substitutes. The phosphorous foods in order of their richness are egg yolk, milk, meats, leafy vegetables and the seeds, grains, roots and tubers.

Easily Caught

The prioner was led into the dock. The magistrate surveyed him.

"Guilty or not guilty?" he asked. The prisoner shifted uneasily.

"Not guilty, your worship," he replied.

"Were you ever in gaol before?" asked the magistrate.

The man in the dock looked pained. "No, your worship," he replied. "I've never stolen anything before."

Reported Missing

A little boy surprised his parents by refusing to be scared into being good.

"It's no use telling me the angels will write down in their books if I'm naughty, mamma," he said. "I might as well tell you they think up in heaven that I'm dead."

"But why should they think that?"

"Because I haven't said my prayers for two weeks."

Revolvers For Protection

Necessary To Have a Police Permit To Carry Light Artillery

Those who cruise on the waterways of the north are usually endowed with a measure of fearlessness, yet frequently information is asked for as to the advisability of carrying a revolver for protection. The experienced, after years of travelling through both the developed and the unsettled parts of Canada, usually answer the question with another,—"Protection against what?" Should the cook of a party not be up to the mark, or again should he be an excellent chef and prepare particularly tasty dishes on which one dines too freely, then may follow nights of terror. Tigers, lions, fearsome creatures of dreams may prowl around the tent, or the fabulous "side hill winder" or the "gadget" may create a disturbance, otherwise the nights are uneventful.

On a canoe or other trip in Canada, except during the hunting season, firearms are a nuisance to the carrier and the rest of the party; more dangerous than any marauder apt to be met with in the wilderness. One is not likely to meet anything more ferocious than a mosquito on these trips, and deep as the desire may be to shoot them they are but a small target for a revolver even if it be aimed by an expert marksman.

Tourists going to Canada are reminded that revolvers and pistols may be brought into Canada as part of a tourists's outfit only under special permit, application for which must be made direct to the Department of National Revenue, Ottawa. This permit must be presented to the Customs Officer at the port of entry. Automatic pistols are not admitted.

It is also necessary to have a police permit in Form 76 to carry a revolver in Canada. Application for such a permit should be made to any officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or of a Provincial Police force, to the Chief of Police, Police Magistrate or Sheriff of any city or town in Canada, or by writing direct to the Commissioner, Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Ottawa. Such a permit will be issued to persons of whose good character and discretion the issuer is satisfied and only where good and sufficient cause is shown.

Before encumbering your outfit with a revolver consider whether a package of soda would not be less *bulky and more effective.*

Trans-Canada Highway

Alberta Section is Completed From Saskatchewan to B.C.

Nothing more remains to be done on the Alberta section of the trans-Canada highway, says Hon. O. L. McPherson, minister of public works, in commenting upon the report of a statement made by J. M. Wardle, chief engineer of the national parks, in a Calgary address.

So far as Alberta is concerned, Mr. McPherson declared, the trans-Canada highway is a finished job from one side of the province to the other. The last work on it was done during the past summer, and there is now a surfaced road right across from Saskatchewan to the British Columbia boundary. The section last done was a short distance west of Medicine Hat.

Additions To Italian Navy

Mussolini Orders Two Light Cruisers To Be Built

Premier Benito Mussolini of Italy, has ordered the navy department to lay down two light cruisers of 6,742 tons and two torpedo boats, each of 615 tons.

Their construction is a part of the 1931-1932 programme which was suspended under proposals for a year's holiday made at the Geneva conference by Dino Grandi, minister of foreign affairs.

Women Taxi Drivers

All the rights and privileges pertaining to the operation of a taxicab for hire were vested in women for the first time in the history of Winnipeg, when the council amended the by-law barring women from this calling. The amendment followed a decision of the courts declaring the bylaw ultra vires.

This Is Real Business

The London Daily Express says that most of the large banks in Siam employ monkeys to help cashiers to detect base coins by the process of training the monkey to bite the coin to detect its true worth. At last we have found a monkey business that is a business.

The art of enameling was practiced among the most ancient of civilized people.

PARIS HOLDS HER ANNUAL AEROPLANE SHOW



Here is a general view of the Paris Aeronautical Show, showing some of the models in their places ready for the presidential visit. In the foreground is the principal Italian exhibit, the three-engined flying boat which flew over from Trieste and alighted on the Seine. Various countries send contributions to the show, which is one of the highlights of aeronautical displays.

Export Of Wheat

Canada Occupies First Position In Exports To Great Britain

Canada has replaced Russia as the dominant exporter of wheat to the United Kingdom. The October trade and navigation report of the United Kingdom shows this country occupied almost exactly the same position in the United Kingdom market as Russia occupied in October, 1931.

Of a total importation of 19,632,648 bushels in October, 1932, Canada supplied 11,204,629 bushels or 57.2 per cent., while Russia supplied 3,061,974 bushels or 15.6 per cent.

In October, 1931, of a total importation of 27,075,542 bushels, Russia supplied 11,697,143 bushels or 43.2 per cent., and Canada, 3,429,707 bushels or 12.4 per cent.

British import figures for the first 10 months of the year show Canada has moved up from second place in 1931 to first place among the supplying countries, Russia dropped from first place to fifth

Railway Crossing Finding

Ruling Made Regarding Contributions From Grade Crossing Fund

The board of railway commissioners has no jurisdiction to make contributions from the grade crossing fund to works which, although they might relieve density of traffic over any particular crossing, nevertheless do not eliminate the crossing itself. This was the decision of the supreme court of Canada, on a reference to it by the board of railway commissioners.

In the past the board had contributed not only to the removal of dangerous highway crossings but also to work which did not eliminate the crossings, although relieving traffic density.

In view of the numerous application for contributions applicable to works of the latter character, the board deemed it advisable to secure a judgment setting forth its powers under the Railway Act.

May Supply Everything

Russians have to take their gold with them when they go to a dentist to have their teeth filled. And if conditions do not improve in the Soviet paradise they will have to take their meals with them when they go to restaurants.

Left-Handedness A Puzzle

Professor Experimenting With Rats To Find Reason

Left-handedness, the origin of which has long puzzled men of science, may be explained by a group of rats on the Denver university campus.

Prof. George M. Peterson of the psychology department is conducting experiments with white rats in order to determine the part heredity plays in causing some individuals to be left-handed.

"Human handedness," Professor Peterson said, "has been attributed variously to training, heredity, the dominance of one part of the brain over the other, and the dominance of one eye. If it could be shown that one or another of these factors caused the preferential use of the hands in the rat, we would be a long way toward understanding the problem of human handedness."

To Preserve Chinese Folklore

Ministry of Education at Nanking Starts Collection for Publication

The Ministry of Education at Nanking has begun a collection of folklore songs and jokes of Old China to incorporate in a volume which the ministry proposes to publish. Municipal and provincial governments have been asked ot assist in gathering this material for the ministry. While China's literature is extensive, much of the folklore has been passed by word of mouth from generation to generation, and the ministry hopes to preserve many of the old songs and "anecdotes" for future generations in written form. The ministry is particularly interested in songs and odes relating to marriage customs and to the four seasons, of which there is a great number. It is possible that these alone will be sufficient to fill a volume.

Had Last Word

A Parliamentary candidate, whilst addressing a meeting, was frequently interrupted by a man who was inebriated, and who kept on saying, "You're silly."

The would-be M.P. could stand it no longer, and suddenly exclaimed, "You're drunk, man, you're drunk!"

"Aye, I know," retorted the tipsy one, "but I'll be sober in the mornin' and you'll still be silly."

Canada's Principal Winter Sport Areas

Attractive Pastimes For the Whole Of the Winter Season

The snowflakes gently drifting to earth though bearing no postmark are letters of invitation, invitation to Canada's winter sport fields where the principal attractions are skiing, skating, snowshoeing, tobogganing, hockey and curling. In every province these attractive pastimes are indulged in throughout the whole of the winter season Each one is a pleasant diversion from the usual field and aquatic sports of summer, and these pleasant recreational activities are becoming increasingly popular both from a competitive and health-restorative standpoint. Covered and open air rinks will be found in every city and nearly every town in Canada. Scores of hockey and curling contests are carried on in all parts of the Dominion from December till March. Tobogganing, snowshoeing, ski-running and ski-jumping competitions are usually at the pinnacle of their excitement in January and February. Dog-racing events and winter carnivals are other sport features which create much interest and draw large numbers of spectators

The Prairie Provinces and British Columbia afford opportunities for all the usual winter sport activities. The Winnipeg bonspiel is the biggest annual curling tournament in the world. The Pas dog-derby is still the feature event of its kind drawing entries from many parts of Canada and the United States. Ski-running and ski-jumping at Banff, Alberta, and Revelstoke, British Columbia attract large numbers of visitors, while those who desire less strenuous sport will find opportunities to play golf on scenic courses on the islands and mainland of southwestern British Columbia owing to a climate which defies the onslaught of winter.

Required Little Thought

Russian Took Easy Way To Compete For Prize

You know the story about the prize which was to be given for the best account of the elephant. The Englishman went shooting in Africa, the German studied in the university and the Frenchman visited the zoo. The Russian, however, locked himself in an attic, drank an astronomical number of glasses of tea, and in the course of three months produced his treatise on the elephant. It contained only the following sentence: "The Elephant. Does it exist?"

Sixty Years As Organist

George H. Crookes, popular organist of the Old Parish Church at Bonhill, Scotland, has just completed 60 years as an organist and still is going strong. He is 78 years old. He has been organist for long periods in several churches in Scotland, has been choirmaster, and has conducted a number of choral unions.

Shakespeare Museum For Italy

Plans for a Shakespeare museum to be founded in the "House of Juliet" have been approved by Duke Giovanni Niuta, commissioner of Verona, Italy. With house dates from the 15th century and is said to have been that of Juliet's parents, the Capuletti.

Confectionery eaten in England in the last year weighed nearly 20 pounds per head of population.

Russia now has 115,000,000 sheep.

◆ FANCIFUL FABLES ◆



Urge World Plan Of Public Works

Economic Conference To Consider Building Aid For Workless

An international program of public works, likely to contribute to the reduction of unemployment throughout the world has been recommended by the Council of the League of Nations as fit subject for inclusion in the agenda of the London Monetary and Economic Conference.

A preparatory committee is being set up for the preliminary study of the problems to be considered at the conference. There will be two subcommittees, one to consider monetary and the other economic problems.

Three representatives of the monetary sub-committee have been selected to confer with the representatives of the International Labor organization and the technical committee of the Transit organization of the League to give further study to the problem of public works.

Continuity In Business

Many English and Scottish Firms Date Back For Centuries

Two interesting items of news in an Aberdeen paper recently were that an Aberdeenshire farmer named Maitland can trace his family's occupation of the same land for five hundred years, and that a firm of grocers in the main street of Aberdeen has been in existence for three centuries.

The Maitland family were in the "old homestead" in Aberdeenshire when Robert Bruce was king of Scotland. When Mary, Queen of Scots, went to the Castlegate to witness the execution of her enemies, the Gordons, she possibly passed the grocery store which is still doing business at the old stand.

There is a firm of bell makers in London which has been in business over six hundred years. They have made bells which were heard by Edward the Third, and the people of England hear the same bells today.

A quaintly fronted tobacco store attracts attention of pedestrians at the top of Haymarket, London. If you ask the manager he will be glad to show the old account books of the firm when they supplied snuff to George the Third over two hundred years ago.

The firm which sent over the tea to Boston in 1773 is also carrying on. They too, can show the books recording the deal, with the account still unpaid.

All over the United Kingdom there are similar instances of antiquity of trade and commerce. Age is a relative term, and while one hundred years is a long time in Canada, it is only yesterday in the Old Land.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Bringing Back The Buffalo

Success Of Dominion Government At Wainwright National Park

Buffalo National Park, the home of probably the largest herd of buffalo in semi-captivity in the world, was established in 1907 when it appeared apparent that this magnificent animal was on the verge of extinction. Through the purchase of the Michel Pablo herd, the department of the interior established 716 animals in this park, located in the great ranging area of the buffalo and a natural grazing ground. The success of the venture is indicated in the rapid increase of the herd during the quarter century since its establishment.

Pigeon Racing In England

Over Two Million Birds Released For Flights Last Summer

Pigeon racing was more popular in England last summer than for many years. One railway alone carried more than 2,000,000 birds to all parts of the country and to ports for destinations overseas, where they were released for their flights back home. The road used 250 cars, many of them specially designed for the transport of the racers, to meet the requirements of 112 pigeon racing clubs, federations and combines.

Operates Car With Shoulders

Having lost both legs in the World War a former captain in the Polish army has had alterations made to an automobile which enables him to drive it. The foot pedals have been transformed into supports, so that by pressing backwards the man can operate the clutch or brake with his shoulders.

A biologist has completed a study of deer-mice which has been in progress for 17 years.

The emperor fish is one of the largest and most gaudy of the coral fishes.

Efforts Being Made To Develop Reward Wheat to Replace Garnet And Retain Milling Qualities

The great victory won by Herman Trelle in the Chicago grain show, with his strain of Reward wheat, may be another milestone in Canada's effort to produce a wheat that will surpass all other blends in meeting the needs of the farmers in the northern portion of the prairie provinces. But winning of this coveted prize does not in itself settle the question, it was explained by cereal experts at Ottawa.

What the west wants is a wheat that will be as early ripening as Garnet, as prolific as Garnet, and have as good milling qualities as Marquis. There is no doubt about the milling qualities of Reward.

It has everything in the way of quality, cerealists agree. For two or three years it has been right up near the top or at the top, both in appearance and milling qualities. In some districts where it has been grown in the west it has ripened about as early as Garnet, an attribute which has made the latter so popular where crops run the danger of early frosts.

The productivity of Reward may in spots have been equal to Garnet, but not on the average, and farmers want to get as many bushels as possible per acre. That is the reason why Garnet has been so popular, depite the fact that it cannot grade as No. 1, because of its milling qualities.

For over a year the threat has hung over Garnet wheat that it should be graded separately so that overseas millers would not be misled into thinking they are buying No. 2 Marquis and getting Garnet.

Only a short time ago the announcement came from Winnipeg that Garnet would be graded separately next crop year. So far the growers of Garnet have fought this move, and a particularly intense struggle was staged in the commons agricultural committee last spring, which resulted in a decision in the matter being postponed until next year.

In the meantime intense efforts have been made to breed a Reward that will take the place of Garnet, and retain its great milling qualities. The experimental farms, under the direction of E. S. Archibald, have supported the efforts of L. H. Newman, Dominion cerealist, in the search after such a super wheat, and in this great enterprise, Herman Trelle has contributed no small part.

Used To Figuring Odds

Bookmaker Instantly Solves Problem Which Took Professor Six Hours

The university mathematics professor is fast and clever at figures, of course, but it takes a bookmaker for real speed.

A reporter at Louisville, Kentucky, querying at random, asked: "What are the odds if a cutter wagers to turn an ace, jack or deuce in three cuts of a 52-card deck?" Many answers were given, ranging from 9 to 4 in favor to 13 to 9 against.

A Louisville university mathematics professor said 9 to 4. Several hours later he submitted a 600-word answer showing the odds at 1,197 to 1,000.

The city editor of the newspaper employing the reporter telephoned a bookmaker. "Hold the phone a minute," he said. "Then in a flash replied "1,197 to 1,000."

"Naw, it wasn't hard," the bookmaker said. "We figure odds like that a dozen times an hour."

Fans From Many Countries

Extensive Collection Shown At Antique Exposition In Chicago

An Egyptian fan, preserved in a fan-shaped glass frame, and one that may have been used by Cleopatra while beguiling Marc Antony, is on display in Chicago amongst an extensive collection of fans from many countries at a hobby, antique and collectors' exposition.

The fan has delicate paintings of Cleopatra on parchment mounted on tortoise shell.

Other exhibits include fans which can be converted into opera glasses and fans which are easily transformed into wicked looking daggers.

Seven of the sons of Moulay Ismail, emperor of Morocco from 1672 to 1727, assumed the title of emperor.

Barber: "How is it your hands are so dirty?"

Apprentice: "Nobody had a shampoo today."

W. N. U. 1972

Trade With Fiji Islands

Governor Fletcher Hopes To Develop Banana Trade With Dominion

"We are looking for increased trade with Canada," said Sir Murchison Fletcher, K.C., C.M.G., C.B.E., governor of the Fiji Islands, on his arrival at Victoria by the liner Niagara from Suva.

"We are hoping to develop our banana trade and in this connection I propose to investigate the possibilities here," added the governor.

"There are no finer bananas grown in the world than in the Fijis, and there should be a good market for this fruit in Canada," he said.

"Canada takes a large percentage of our sugar, and she has always treated us fairly in trade. The preference on sugar is quite a big one, and for this we are most grateful. It makes quite a difference to a small colony like ours."

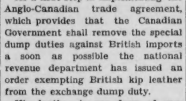
The Fijis has enjoyed a record sugar crop this season, totalling some 140,000 tons, as compared with the previous heaviest crop of 116,000 tons. Much of this raw sugar is refined in British Columbia.

British Kip Leather

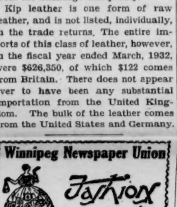
Is Now Exempted From the Exchange Dump Duty

As a first-step in implementing the Anglo-Canadian trade agreement, which provides that the Canadian Government shall remove the special dump duties against British imports a soon as possible the national revenue department has issued an order exempting British kip leather from the exchange dump duty.

Kip leather is one form of raw leather, and is not listed, individually, in the trade returns. The entire imports of this class of leather, however, in the fiscal year ended March, 1932, were $626,350, of which $122 comes from Britain. There does not appear ever to have been any substantial importation from the United Kingdom. The bulk of the leather comes from the United States and Germany.



By Ruth Rogers



679

THE NEW YOGUISH BERET AND SCARF OF WHICH PARIS IS SO FOND

Match your scarf to your beret, if you want to appear smart this season.

The scarf may be worn in two different ways, tied in ascot style or knotted in bow effect at the shoulder.

The beret is quite one-sided which makes it so utterly flattering.

It is a lovely act for travel, for resort and for the college miss for early fall wear.

Soft woolens are smart.

Style No. 679 comes in sizes 21, 22 and 23 inches head measure. Size 22 requires 1 yard of 39-inch dark and ½ yard of 39-inch contrasting material.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

Name .....

.....

Town .....

.....



Policeman: "Had you an order to come on?"
Little Jenes: "C-C-Certainly, my wife told me."—Passing Show, London.

Peculiar Effect Of Altitude

Lack Of Oxygen Affects Brain Centres Opinion Of Biology Professor

"Altitude jags" have been made the subject of an intensive study by Dr. Edward Schneider of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., who recently explained the causes of the phenomena to faculty and students of the University of Colorado medical school at Denver.

Aviators and mountain climbers who ascend to great heights suffer some peculiar physical and mental effects, according to Dr. Schneider. In many cases they act in every way like alcoholic drunkards.

Dr. Schneider said that during the world war aviators, far above the earth, would often wave to enemy fliers instead of attempting to shoot them down.

Lack of oxygen in the atmosphere at high altitudes is responsible for its peculiar effects, Dr. Schneider said. Headaches are usually the first noticeable effects of the rarefied atmosphere.

Using huge tanks, from which the air has been pumped, Dr. Schneider has been able to create artificial conditions similar to those found at great heights. He has found that there are two types of persons affected by altitude—fainters and non-fainters. Lack of oxygen affects the lower brain centres of the fainters and the higher brain centres of the non-fainters, according to Dr. Schneider's experiments.

In high altitudes, Dr. Schneider has found, the body releases oxygen and alkylosis develops in the system. This gives the body an increased oxygen-carrying capacity.

One of the most striking effects of high altitude noted by Dr. Schneider was the impairment of mental faculties. During the war aviators were often known to make two exposures on one plate while photographing. Unaware of this, they would later blame the camera.

Dr. Schneider is professor of biology at Wesleyan University. His interest in the effects of altitude on human beings dates from the time he served as a member of the Colorado College faculty at Colorado Springs, in the shadow of Pike's Peak, from 1903 to 1919. He was psychologist at the government school of aviation medical department at Mitchell field from 1919 to 1926.

"Can anyone in the class give me a more elegant rendering of "the sap rises?"

"The boob gets out of bed."

Common sense is frequently uncommon wisdom.

Venice Was Ideal Target

But City Escaped Damage From Bombs Dropped During War

The Prince of Wales's remark when he was taken round Venice this year was: "All this is very different from when I was here during the war!" In 1917 Venice was sandbagged to the roofs as protection from the bombs of Austrian airmen. Of its 160,000 inhabitants less than 50,000 remained, and they were cut off from the rest of Italy. Nearly every night they gathered for safety in the entrance halls of the magnificently-furnished palaces, waiting in fear while enemy aeroplanes came, went back, and came again with their cargoes of bombs. The damage done by the Austrian air-raids, however, was extraordinarily small. Most of the hundreds of bombs dropped upon the city fell into the canals and did no harm. Yet when one considered how ideal a target Venice was—isolated as a black mass in the centre of the shining, moonlit lagoon—it is surprising that anything was left.

Grasshopper Pest

Predicted Ravages Will Be Worse Next Year Than Ever

Warning that the grasshopper pest in the prairie provinces will be worse next year than it was this summer was voiced by Norman Criddle, of the entomological laboratory, Treasbank, Man., who is in Ottawa attending the annual convention of the Entomological Society of Canada.

Mr. Criddle characterized the combat waged against the insects last summer as "the biggest battle ever waged in western Canada."

"Even the wars with the Indians can not compare with it," he added.

Between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 had been saved to the country as a result of the conflict, and 20,000,000 bushels of wheat had been saved from the ravages of the pests.

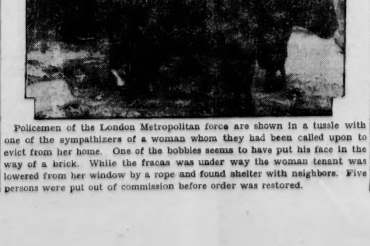
At present in the prairie provinces there were 150 grasshopper eggs to the square foot in some places, Mr. Criddle said, predicting that next summer the "plagues" will be worse than ever.

"Ah, if you are going to Zurich I can recommend you a good hotel there. It is called the—er—what was the name? Mary, look on the towels for the name of that hotel in Zurich."

The shortest railroad distance from New York to San Francisco is 3,180 miles.

Dutch Guiana's sugar crop this year is the largest on record.

HIGH JINKS IN LONDON



Policemen of the London Metropolitan force are shown in a tussle with one of the sympathizers of a woman whom they had been called upon to evict from her home. One of the bobbies seems to have put his face in the way of a brick. While the fracas was under way the woman tenant was lowered from her window by a rope and found shelter with neighbors. Five persons were put out of commission before order was restored.

Interesting Experiment Carried On by Department of Interior in Preserving Wild Life of Canada

Learning To Fly

Must Learn To Operate Machine In Full Flight Before Mastering Art of Landing

It may seem rather like putting the cart before the horse that the pupil in flying is taught thoroughly how to handle a machine in full flight before he even knows how to take off or to land, writes Mr. Alan Warwick, in Pearson's Magazine. The point is, of course, that at several thousand feet in the air errors of control can be made more or less with impunity. There is ample time for the pupil to correct them or, if he gets himself tied up into knots, the instructor can straighten things out.

Landing a machine, or taking-off, on the other hand, gives no such altitude. The machine is very near the hard, hard ground. Wherefore, both these phases of flying an aeroplane—more particularly the landing—call for a precision of judgment that the pupil obviously cannot possess until he has become thoroughly familiar with the controls, a familiarity he only acquires in mid-air.

To the beginner it may well seem that the delicate work of landing a machine—achieving the ideal three-point landing, tail-skid and two wheels setting gently on the ground together—is something far too difficult for him ever to accomplish. But as his lessons proceed he soon modifies his view. Such is the confidence and self-reliance he acquires that, when at last he comes to mastering the take-off and landing, the control-column has become almost part of himself, and he finds they are problems well within his compass.

Before taking the tests for his 'A' license, the new pilot must have flown at least three hours solo. The tests themselves, in addition to showing flying skill, include a simple medical examination. The additional questions put by the medical examiner are searching enough.

The qualifying pilot must also display knowledge of the elementary rules relating to air traffic. For instance, he must know the correct *method of approaching a landing ground, and what he has to do when meeting another machine* in mid-air.

As one quickly realizes, the "rule of the road" in mid-air is as important for the safety of aircraft as are rules and regulations for road traffic. Being of a three-dimensional nature they are rather more complicated.

What's In A Name

New Words For Occupations Do Not Affect Efficiency

Was there a scornful sneer in a recent mention of the fact that life insurance is no longer sold by agents but by "estate conservationists"? For two years the ironic observers of that curious animal, the business man, have derived unfailing amusement from his attempts at verbal beauty.

Undertakers have become morticians, real estate agents have become realtors, press agents have become counsels on public relations, plumbers have become sanitary engineers, and in general selling has become service and instalment buying has become the financial equalization plan.

Such reachings out for bigger and shinier words, if they call for criticism at all, would be properly attacked by the conservatively minded, for whom the good old words of their fathers are good enough.

Charity should be accorded the effort of the business man to wrench himself out of old grooves. The revolutionary urge is essentially the same in the "junior communications engineer," formerly the messenger boy, in the "moderne" poetry and furniture and in the foreign and antique names for shops and inns.—St. Catharines Standard.

England A Clean Country

England is the cleanest country in Europe, according to statistics published recently in Prague, Czecho-Slovakia. The figures show the amount of soap used. English people use 21 pounds per capita a year. Germans are second with 15 pounds per person. People of Czecho-Slovakia are third with 11 pounds per head.

Rural automatic telephone exchanges are being opened in Northern Ireland.

"What is your occupation?"

"It isn't an occupation, it's a pursuit. I'm a bill collector."

With the establishment of a small herd of twenty-five wapiti (commonly known as elk) from Buffalo National Park, Alberta, in the Pembroke Crown Game Preserve near Petawawa, Ontario, attention is directed to another interesting experiment in preserving our big game. Canada's efforts to restore the elk to their former numbers as one of the principal big game animals of the Dominion is another important chapter in the history of wild life conservation. The saving of the buffalo from extinction, the protection and propagation of the antelope, and the sanctuary given other species of our native wild life by the establishment of national parks and other game reserves is preserving for future generations the wild life resources of this country.

The department of the interior's success with the elk is a repetition of its achievements in other lines of wild life conservation. The twenty-five animals—five males and twenty females placed in the Ontario government's preserve near Petawawa were drawn from a herd of over 900 in Buffalo National Park, Alberta, administered by the National Parks of Canada, department of the interior. The nucleus of that herd was a band of about half a dozen which, with a few deer and moose, were found enclosed in the park after the erection of the many miles of fence required to enclose the area in preparation for the reception of the Canadian National herd of buffalo. The following year seven more elk were added to the small band, which in the meantime had shown a natural increase of four.

In their new surroundings at Wainwright, assisted by the protection which is given all wild life in these national reserves, the elk increased in a gratifying manner. By 1918 there were over 100 head in the park, while five years later this number had risen to almost 300. Buffalo park now contains a herd of elk numbering over 900, in addition to over 6,000 buffalo, 2,500 mule deer, and numerous other species of mammalian wild life.

A small outlet for surplus stock is provided by the loan or gift to *conservation societies or governments of one or more individuals of these species, contingent upon suitable* areas for their introduction having been secured. The Pembroke Reserve, located in the county of Renfrew, Ontario, was created by the government of Ontario as a bird, fish, and game sanctuary and contains an area of about 360 acres completely surrounded by a strong wire fence.

The wapiti or elk was once the most widely distributed of the deer family in North America but in common with many other species of big game it has suffered the inevitable result of territorial development and improvident killing. Thousand of these handsome animals were slain merely for the sake of their teeth, which were used for purposes of adornment. The range of the elk at one time occupied the greater part of the central region of the North American continent, including the southern parts of Ontario and Quebec, but today only scattered herds exist outside the national parks of Canada and the United States.

Degree For Housewives

Schools in Germany Issue Degree Of Mistress of Housekeeping

Housewives of Germany are being recognized and given the degree of "Mistress of Housekeeping." There have been established in Berlin and other large cities schools for housewives, with a regular curriculum lasting a year and a half, and followed by an official examination. The candidate must be at least 25 years old, must possess a good general education and prove that she has conducted a household independently for five years. For her final examination she has to undergo numerous tests, including the management of a strange household for three days alone. There are already about 45 holders of these certificates in Berlin, and more than 500 in all Germany.

Regret Was Genuine

She insisted on taking innumerable frocks with her and they arrived at the station loaded with luggage.

"It wish," said the husband, thoughtfully, "that we'd brought the piano."

"You needn't try to be sarcastic, came the frigid reply. "It's not a bit funny."

"I'm not trying to be funny," he explained, sadly, "I left the tickets on it."

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Lawrence B. Jack, honor graduate of the University of British Columbia, has been selected as the 1933 Rhodes scholar for British Columbia.

J. Arthur Dupont, director of radio station CKAC in Montreal, has been "borrowed" by the Canadian broadcasting commission, to act as director of French language programmes.

William Blake, 11, of Lowell, Mass., sued his father for $500 damages and won his case. The boy had been injured by an automobile driven by the elder Blake.

Seventeen carloads of frozen turkeys from Manitoba and Saskatchewan were shipped from Saint John for export. It was the first time such a large quantity had passed through that port.

British Columbia's losses by forest fires this year amounted to $571,695. It was reported by Hon. N. S. Lougheed, Minister of Lands. Last year the loss was $1,477,181, and in 1930 it was $1,408,000.

Single unemployed men from the cities who have been placed on Manitoba farms for the winter under the $5 a month relief scheme, total 909 since November 15, Arthur MacNamara, of the relief commission, reported to the Manitoba government.

Prof. Augusta Picard, pioneer of the stratosphere, has been in Paris arranging passage to North America for a lecture tour. While he is there, he said, he will investigate the possibilities of a balloon ascension in Canada.

"There is little likelihood the western section of the Trans-Canada Highway will be completed within the next two years," J. M. Wardle, chief engineer of the national parks of Canada declared in an address at Calgary.

One of the unexplained mysteries Dr. Robert A. Millikan found in his extensive aerial, marine and terrestial observation of cosmic rays at Lake Cormorant, Man., and other places on the continent this year is that the radiation is slightly more intense during the night

Eleven of the 20 aeroplanes which will participate in a flight from Italy to the Chicago exposition next June, returned to their base after a successful flight of 1,500 miles. The transatlantic flight is to be made in formation by way of Iceland, Greenland and probably Canada.

Receives Copley Medal

Royal Society of London Confers Recognition on Californian

Advice has been received that the Royal Society of London has awarded the Copley medal, highest distinction given by England for scientific research, to Dr. George E. Hale, of the Mount Wilson (Cal.) observatory.

The first American to receive it was Benjamin Franklin, to whom it was awarded in 1753 for his "curious experiments and observations on electricity."

The present award was for researchers in the magnetic field of the sun. First magnetic phenomena detected outside the earth were the magnetic fields in sun spots, discovered at the Mount Wilson observatory in 1908. Later, with the 150 foot tower telescope on Mount Wilson, the entire sun was found to be a magnet, with a magnetic field stronger than that of the earth but much weaker than the intense fields in sun spots.

Vikings Were Short Lived

Died Between Ages Of Thirty And Forty, Says Professor

Vikings who settled in Greenland centuries ago were senile and worn out at 40, is the belief of Professor F. C. C. Hansen, leading Danish anatomist.

He is now dissecting the frozen remains of vikings brought back to Denmark by the Noerlund expedition to southeastern Greenland. They indicate the men were probably of stocky build, but not very tall and that they died between ages of 30 and 40 years. They suffered greatly from gout and rheumatism, the professor believes.

Church Shipped In Crates

A complete church, packed in 203 crates, was shipped to the Solomon Islands from Sydney. When erected it will be 85 feet long and 58 feet wide. It is a gift from Alfred C. Sage, of Victoria, as a memorial to his son, the Rev. Charles C. Sage, a missionary.

When a man can't do anything else, he can develop into a chronic kicker.

Saskatchewan Game Act

More Rigid Enforcement Of Its Provision Is Probable

Amendment to the Saskatchewan Game Act designed to enable the more rigid enforcement of its provisions are expected to come before the Saskatchewan legislature at the next session.

One amendment, copied from the Manitoba Act, will permit of the confiscation of all hunting equipment and transportation facilities being used by hunters who are found guilty of infringements of the Game Act. This clause specifies that motor cars aeroplanes, firearms, boats, skiffs, canoes or any and all appliances used for hunting may be confiscated to the crown.

Provision is also being made to create additional game sanctuaries throughout the province, it being understood that at least 22 such preserves will be provided for in the schedules to the new act.

Other proposed amendments, it was learned, will be the placing with the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council the power to fix the bag limit for each type of game, and to determine the period of each season for game birds and big game. Previously this was determined by statute and was inflexable.

Becomes Inland Water

Dyke Makes Famous Zuider Zee Into Ysel Lake

Famous Zuider Zee, in Holland, has been degraded from the status of a sea to that of an inland water. It is now known as Ysel Lake. The change came recently when a dyke, more than 20 miles long, connecting the provinces of North Holland and Friesland, was completed. The dyke separated the Zuider Zee from the North Sea. Queen Wilhelmina will inaugurate a new highway on the dyke in the fall.



By Ruth Rogers



SIMPLE DRESS WITH SMART LINES WOULD MAKE ANY LITTLE SCHOOL GIRL HAPPY

The wide box plait effect from neck to hem makes it so distinctive.

A novelty rayon tweed-like mixture made the original. The white pique collar and cuffs are so neat and trim. See miniature view—the pattern also provides for Peter Pan collar.

It's so easily made and so fascinating when finished. And it will cost you next to nothing.

Daughter will love it.

Wool crepe in tobacco brown with orangy-red wool crepe trim and matching leather belt is smart for early fall.

Style No. 844 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

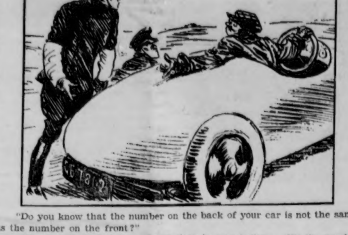
Pattern No..... Size.....

Name .....

.....

Town .....

.....



"Do you know that the number on the back of your car is not the same as the number on the front?"

"Yes; I really had that number put on to save bother. It's the number of my solicitor's car."—The Humorist, London.

Had Double Grievance

Woman Lost Hat And Was Fined For Stopping Train

Everybody must have been tempted at some mad moment to pull a train communication cord; and it is therefore remarkable that the deed has not been committed more often.

Even when a train is stopped there is usually a very good reason, so that a recent case on the Scottish express is all the more worth quoting.

A woman passenger was leaning out of a window when her hat blew off. She pulled the cord, and the train stopped.

When she explained her awful loss to the guard, however, he most unfeelingly refused to let the train go back for the hat—and, to add to her sense of injury, the passenger had to pay the £5 penalty.

Idea Becoming Popular

England Takes Interest In Linking Up Namesake Towns

England is taking much interest in the Namesake Towns Association movement in which towns in that country link up with those in the United States having the same name. The linked towns are to be about the same size. Already 13 English towns have arranged to join with those in *the United States. They are Bath, Beverly, Bristol, Dorchester, Gloucester, Newbury, Northampton, Oxford, Plymouth, Reading, Rochester, Uxbridge and Torrington.*

Growth Of India

India's millions are steadily increasing. During the decade just ended, according to the census, the population has increased 34,000,000, to a total of 353,000,000. During the period covered by the census there has been no plague or serious famine. There are 940 females to every 1,000 males.

An inveterate smoker is one who can shave without getting lather on his cigarette.

Where Horses Are Cheap

One Sold At Quebec Fair For Thirty-Five Cents

Whether the site of the Quebec Horse Fair, held this year in the vicinity of St. Charles cemetery, had any effect on the price of the horses or not, the fact remains that the inhabitants of the district paid much less for their "nags" than did their forefathers.

Formerly held in the heart of the city, the fair has grown so popular that it has been forced into the outskirts. This year there were about 300 dealers and some 2,000 spectators. One horse sold for a pair of mittens, another for a watch, and a third for 35 cents. The prevailing price appeared to be from $10 to $20 and anyone asking more went home with the same number of equines as he arrived with.

Aged Banker Passes

Death Of Sir George Burn Is Reported At Ottawa

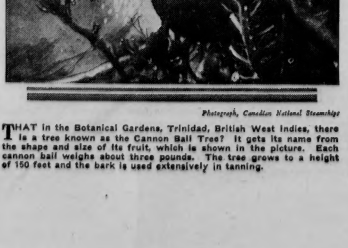
An outstanding Canadian banker and philanthropist, Sir George Burn, died at his home at Ottawa recently, aged 85. Although his health had not been good for some years, he was ill for only a short time before his death.

General manager of the old Bank of Ottawa, he held important positions *in the banking life of the Dominion. He was president of the* Canadian Bankers' Association in 1916, and occupied the post of vice-president for a period of 17 years. His associations with the Bank of Ottawa dated from the year 1880, when he was appointed general manager, until his retirement from that office in 1917.

One Explanation

The chances of a boy or girl going to high school, which in 1890 were only one in twenty-five, have grown steadily until at present they are one in two. It is possible that the increase in the number of those to be educated may have something to do with the mounting cost of education.

+ Do You Know? +



Photograph, Canadian National Steamships

THAT in the Botanical Gardens, Trinidad, British West Indies, there is a tree known as the Cannon Ball Tree? It gets its name from the shape and size of its fruit, which is shown in the picture. Each cannon ball weighs about three pounds. The tree grows to a height of 150 feet and the bark is used extensively in tanning.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 18

IDEALS OF THE TRUE CHRISTIAN

Golden Text: "If any man will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow me." Luke 9:23.

Devotional Reading: Philippians 3:8-14.

Explanations and Comments

The Christian's Devotional Life. Many cares and hard work through the hot summer months had so used up the strength and nerves of a Christian woman that she found herself doing and saying things that amazed her. She consulted the family physician. "Just what is the trouble?" she asked. "Your batteries need renewing," was the reply.

'If you want to be on the safe side you would better renew those batteries right away," he continued. 'And don't forget that you have two cell batteries. You have a physical and a spiritual store of cells that need renewing. Neither set will do without the other. The Sabbath, instead of being for you a day of rest and worship, has always been your busiest day, and I know that you have had little time for meditation and spiritual culture. It is the soul that feeds the body, and the soul may starve and waste away just as the body may. Nothing has gone wrong with your body or soul but what can be cured. Your body needs rest and your soul needs to feed in the green pastures and to lie by the still waters with the Good Sheperd."—Adapted from The Youth's Companion.

The Christian in the Home. To be a real Christian in a home often means costly self-renunciation. Controlled temper, decent demeanor no matter how you feel, a radiant spirit even under irritating circumstances —even such simple elements of Christian home life are not easy. Carlyle did not master that much self-denial in his relationships with his wife. "Ah, if I only had five minutes with her," he said after her death, "if only to assure her that I loved her through all that."

And often the demands of self-renunciation in a home go deeper. When poverty must be faced together, when sickness falls, the tragedy which all share, when children are sent to college by parents who cannot afford it, when sin wrecks lives which nevertheless love will not give up—how intimate, exacting, and continuous are the gracious self-denials of a true home!

The most beautiful possession on earth which man has ever imagined or achieved is a Christian home.—Harry Emerson, in The Meaning of Service.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

GINGER PUDDING

1 Junket tablet
1 pint milk
1 tablespoon cold water
3 tablespoons sugar
½ teaspoon ginger flavoring
½ cup whipping cream
Ginger cookies

Break a small ginger cookie (or left-over cake) into each dessert dish. Dissolve junket tablet in 1 tablespoon cold water. Add sugar to milk, also lemon flavoring. Warm to lukewarm (110 degrees Fahrenheit)—not hot and remove from stove. Add dissolved junket tablet. Stir a few seconds, and pour at once over ginger cookies. Chill in refrigerator. Serve with whipped cream and a bit of grated preserved ginger.

CUMBERLAND SAUCE FOR DUCK

(Serves 4-6)

½ cup orange juice
¼ cup lemon juice
1 cup powdered sugar
2 tablespoons currant jelly
Grated rind 1 orange
Grated rind 1 lemon
1 tablespoon grated horseradish

Mix ingredients; beat thoroughly; heat and serve.

Travels In Invalid Chair

Disabled Soldier Has Covered 20,000 Miles In Last Few Years

F. H. Jarvis, of Thorpe Bay, England, has travelled 20,000 miles in his invalid chair. Since being discharged from hospital in 1924, he has bowled all over England and Scotland. He also took the chair to France and wheeled his way over old World War haunts there. Jervis was a sergeant-major in the Royal Engineers, and was blown up at Passchendael Ridge in 1917. He spent seven years in the hospital, and now is partly paralyzed, is minus a few ribs and wears a silver plate in his skull.

More Gold From B.C.

Production of gold in British Columbia is expected to exceed $4,000,000 this year, according to figures issued by the Department of Mines. The lode gold increase will be 26 per cent. over the previous year, and is estimated at $3,800,000. Placer gold, worth $291,000 last year, will exceed $300,000 this year.

Most Wonderful Man

Famous German Biographer Says, Edison Had Both Genius and Character

Who are the world's greatest living men?

It's a hard question, but Emil Ludwig, famous German biographer of history's giants in mind and action, tried to answer it during his recent visit to London.

Although unable to give definite opinions as to the world's greatest, he admitted with reservations that Mussolini, Shaw and President Masaryck, head of the Czechoslovakian government, had traits of greatness from different angles.

When asked who was the greatest man he had ever met, Ludwig replied without hesitation, "Edison. He was the most wonderful man I have ever known. Not only was he a great inventor, but he was truly great in spirit and personality."

The famous German biographer is now writing a book on the contemporary great men of Europe. He has lived in intimate contact with many of them for months. Recently he spent two weeks with Mussolini in order to study the complete problem of his personality.

But when it came to a great Englishman for inclusion in his work, no one could suggest a man for the distinction, a fact which caused Herr Ludwig considerable pain and disappointment.

Ludwig has a formula for greatness. Unlike the standard of greatness employed by the world, he goes deeper than the mere accomplishment of prodigious feats. He studies a man's character in its minor phases before he affixes the epithet "great."

"It is impossible to pretend to give more than a general definition," he declared. "My own personal view is that real greatness depends on two things—genius and character. In assessing whether a man is really great or not I study his character as much as his deed. It is not enough to know how he has acted at certain historical moments. I wish to know if he is vain, if he likes animals, if he is fond of music. His personal letters, his face, are as important to me as any acts of statesmanship."

Ludwig believes that there is a physical law about greatness. Men are born with physical and mental traits which inevitably single them out for fame, he says.

He pronounces Mussolini great because he combines energy with imagination. He attaches much significance to the love of music and points out that Lincoln, Bismarck and Napoleon all loved music.

Reduce Working Hours To Aid Unemployment

Twenty-Five Million Workless Create World Crisis for League Solution

Proposals for reduction in hours of labor throughout the world have been laid before the International Labor organization of the League of Nations according to word received by the League of Nations Society in Canada.

With 25,000,000 people unemployed the situation has assumed the nature of a crisis demanding immediate action, and at the recent Madrid conference it was decided to place the matter before the Tripartite Preparatory Conference in January. There was some opposition but the Canadian delegates, Tom Moore and Dr. Riddell, voted for immediate action.

The League endorsed a 48-hour week proposal in 1919, but a further reduction, it is believed might spread out present employment and help relieve the situation. The 1919 proposal was a permanent measure. The conference will consider whether still further reduction should be taken as a temporary measure to relieve the crisis or a desirable permanence.

"In 1919 it was a social problem," said a Danish delegate, "the object being to reduce the hours of work in order to prevent excessive fatigue for the workers; today the problem is an economic one,—to increase the amount of available unemployment and to remedy the crisis."

A German representative urged immediate action. His country was spending three thousand million marks on unemployment relief. A French delegate asserted there was intense anxiety in all countries with respect to unemployment.

The wage reduction question as a concomittant to the reduction of hours will also be considered. The British government announced its advocacy of a full examination of the reduction problem so long as the standard of living of the wage-earning population was not reduced.

A man at the North Pole is about 13 miles nearer the centre of the earth than one at the equator.

Take It Now
Keep strong the Winter through
SCOTT'S EMULSION
of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil
Builds Resistance
Easy to Take
50

HEART OF THE NORTH

By

WILLIAM BYRON MOWERY

(WNU Service)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

CHAPTER II—Continued.

To be so plainly ignored by his own men when any matter of importance came up, made him appear a nobody. To have Baker issuing orders and getting a patrol ready without first consulting him, seemed to him a gross violation of discipline. He had formerly been forced to let Baker have his way in managing the post; but now, shocked at realizing how very little he himself amounted to here, and confident that his six months of experience made him capable of running the detachment himself, he had sworn he was going to come down on these men and come down hard.

But the secret and real source of his anger was a deep smoldering jealousy of Baker because of Elizabeth Spaulding. More clearly at every talk with her, he saw she trusted Baker, liked him, and was going to marry him. Her cool inaccessibility maddened Haskell; and her comparison between him and a ninety-a-month sergeant cut his pride to the quick.

Pretty, cool, a trifle haughty, she was just the kind of girl who suited him, and was the only person here at Endurance whom he cared to associate with. His admiration had mounted, it had quickened with passion, it had become a fire in his blood —the first and only passionate affection he had ever known. His life, formerly so leisurely and purposeless, had taken on an aim, a goal. That goal was to smash her engagement and wrest her away from Baker.

As Alan now hurried into the cabin, Haskell swung on him:

"Don't you know better than to come bursting into an officer's quarters without knocking and asking permission? Go out and try it again."

His words went past Alan unheeded. Alan's mind was too much a turmoil. . . Jimmy murdered, Joyce alone there on the lonely savage Alooska, those six bandit strangers escaping with their loot. . . There was but one thought in his mind—to overhaul those two canoes before they were lost beyond all pursuit.

Forgetting even his salute, he came across to the desk. As though checked by the look on his face, Haskell did not repeat the reprimand. Instead he listened silently while Alan reported the robbery, murder, escape.

"They're heading up the Big Aloska toward a muskeg country lying back there in the northeast," Alan explained quickly. "It's called the Thal-Azzah, the Land of Many Waters. It's a thousand square miles of criss-cross waterways—lakes, channels, slow creek, and soup-thin bog all covered with flags and willows. They're heading for the Thal-Azzah. That's why they staged the robbery at the Alooska mouth—so they'd have a straight shoot into that muskeg. If they reach it we might never get them. I'm going to take the launch and the five men I've got—"

Haskell stiffened. In sarcastic tones he interrupted: "You've got? Just a second, Baker. It would be a little better form to give your request and possibly make suggestions, and then allow me, as officer commanding here, to issue orders."

Alan stared at him in surprise. After all the long months of the winter past when he had initiated every patrol that went out, he was totally unprepared for this testy reprimand. An anger rose in him at Haskell's choosing to bandy personalities just now when those two canoes were whipping up the Alooska.

Trying to fight down his impatience, he said. "Maybe it was tactless of me. But all along I've been—"

"Yes, certainly—acting as though you were O. C. around here. You didn't appreciate tolerance when you had it. You can take note from now on you haven't got it. I'll issue the orders about this patrol."

Abruptly he turned awayto the wall behind him where a map of the Endurance country was tacked up. A big six-foot-square mosaic, it was the inspector's own handiwork—a synthesis of government reports, explorers' sketches and unreliable Indian accounts. Though a few of the larger details were correct, in Alan's eyes it was a clumsy and ridiculous piece of charting.

As he waited, swearing at this loss of precious minutes, Alan happened to see Constable Whipple over in a corner, making inventory, entries at a table. He said:

"Whipple, you'd better knock off on that and get into fatigue clothes. We'll need all the men on this patrol."

Whipple did not obey him, or stir, but waited for the inspector's orders.

Alan later remembered, to his heavy cost and sorrow, how Whipple had sat there in the corner, listening, scratching away with a pen, while Bill and Larry and Pedneault were down at the wharf hurriedly making ready.

In helpless exasperation at Haskell, he thought: "Good Lord, aren't you ever going to get through studying that crazy d—d map?" Back of this change in Haskell, this angry decision to run Endurance according to his own notions, Alan sensed an ugly hostility against him personally. He was quite well aware of the cause of that bad blood. He had not been blind these last months;" he knew Haskell was madly in love with Elizabeth.

Presently, turning around from his map, Haskell said:

"I see that the Big Alookса, about a hundred miles northeast from its mouth, divides into two branches."

To hurry this talk up, Alan stepped around behind the chair, and pointed at the map as he spoke.

"Yes, that forks is called Big Leavings. But it's farther east than your map shows; it's nearer two hundred miles. Here's MacMillan's trading post. Here's the Forks. The right branch leads southeast through this . . . it should be marked timber country. The left branch goes northeast into the big muskeg. About here is where the Thal-Azzah should be marked. They're heading up this left branch for the Thal-Azzah—"

Interrupting, Haskell demanded, "How do you know they're doing that?"

"I don't know, but it's a sensible guess. The Thal-Azzah is a hiding place made to order, and they're surely breaking for it."

"Humph! Maybe." Haskell lit a cigarette, and went on studying the map. Turning, he ordered:

"You'll take the launch and the five men, Baker, and go up the Aloosка. If you don't over take those bandits before reaching the Forks, leave the launch there, split your party, three men each, and follow up both those branches—"

Alan objected, "But three men against six, the six who pulled a trick like that robbery—three mightn't be able to handle them. They've got murder charges over them, they've got a fortune in their possession; they're going to put up a fight."

"Three men can handle them. Three men with the law behind them—"

"A city cop may be a squad by himself," Alan interrupted, "but in the bush a man is a man. A legal bullet don't kill any deader than an outlaw bullet. Men who'll hold up a big steamer in broad daylight and who face the gallows if caught, aren't going to be paralyzed by the sight of a uniform. I believe my party shouldn't split. We ought to stick together and whip up that left branch. That's the fork they'll take."

"You're merely guessing," Haskell said coldly. "You don't know which branch they'll take. By my plan you'd be sure to overtake them on one branch or other."

"Yes, and have half my men shot up. I'm responsible for them. I know what that kind of responsibility means. You're hog-tying me with orders I know are dead wrong."

Haskell tapped the table with his penknife. "I've given you my reasons, Baker, and listened to yours. If you refuse to obey orders, you'll stay here at the post, and I'll put Corporal Hardsack in charge of this detail. Take your choice."

Alan was not the fool to believe Haskell was bluffing. The man would keep him here and demote him for refusing to obey a command. He had been waiting months for just such a chance. It was a question of holding out against those ignorant instructions or getting away with the men and making the best of it. Perhaps, after all, he would catch up with the bandits before they reached the Forks.

Beaten, weary of arguing, he gave in. "All right, inspector. I'll follow both branches."

To cut off further delay he whirled abruptly on his heel and strode out.

Burgeon came down from barracks. A little later Whipple came and timidly took his seat in the launch. Alan and Bill and Youngs were storing aboard guns, tent, grub and blankets. On the terrace above, with a book in her lap, Elizabeth Spaulding watched casually.

Then Frank Pedneault, demoniac driver of the powerful launch, slid into the wheel seat and slipped in the gears; and headed north, down the Mackenzie.

They were at last away on the pursuit.

But all Alan's ardor had gone. All his leaping urge to be on the chase had gone. Premonition whispered, and its whisper chilled him. As he glanced around at his men, at the comrades he was leading and was responsible for, he was thinking that tomorrow this time two or three of them might be dead—somewhere up the spruce-buried Aloosка.

(To be Continued)

Plane With Robot Pilot

"Flying Laboratory" Is Being Tested By Frank Hawks

A "flying laboratory with a robot relief pilot built into its mechanism, has been completed at Los Angeles and is ready for trial flights by Lieut. Commander Frank Hawks, speed pilot. The low-wing 200-mile an hour monoplane is equipped with a mechanical device known as a robot pilot, which through air pressure design, will fly the ship while Hawks rests After testing the craft he will fly it to New York.

Conductor of school band: "Now we will play 'Rule Britannia' for our second number."

Schoolboy with trumpet (whispering nervously to boy next him): "My hat, I just played that?"

French lady proposes to walk across Niagara Falls on a cable. Are Atlantic flights beginning to bore the public?

Public street clocks in Berlin contain in their bases an ambulance compartment where first aid kits are contained.

Colic Pains

"I found that BABY'S OWN TABLETS relieve colic pains almost at once", writes Mrs. Mildred Noddin, Long Creek, N.B. Many other Mothers report equally happy benefits from giving their children these Tablets. BABY'S OWN TABLETS are recommended by Mothers for teething troubles, upset stomach, indigestion, colic, simple fevers, constipation. There is no need for YOUR child to suffer. BABY'S OWN TABLETS can be given with absolute safety—see analyst's certificate in each 25c package.

Dr. Williams' 244

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

CHILDREN'S COLDS
CHECKED 2 at once without dosing
26 24
VICKS VapoRub
OVER 12 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Nearing End of Career

Woman Has Tended Lighthouse On Brittany Coast 42 Years

One of the bravest women in France is surely Mme. Marie-Perrine Durand, the 80-year-old lighthouse keeper at the Island of Brehat on the Brittany coast. For 42 years Mme. Durand has kept the beacon burning brightly to warn mariners of the dangerous and tempestuous stretches along the coast of Brittany. Ever since her husband died 42 years ago Mme. Durand aided only by her daughter has climbed the seventy odd steps to the top of the tower and trimmed the giant lamps that cast a light over the treacherous rocks.

Asked how she managed to light the lamps when she was ill, Mme. Durand said: "The lamps must be always lighted at the proper time. Ah! Yes, two years ago I had an attack of appendicitis, but despite that I had to climb up the 70 granite steps on my hands and knees and do my work."

This heroic woman is not frightened when the little lighthouse is surrounded by the angry seas in the winter time. "During the winter," she said, 'giant waves beat over the lighthouse itself and as I look out through the wave washed windows of the beacon house I often instinctively bend back when I see the giant rollers engulfing the entire lighthouse.

"During the war what sights have been enacted before my eyes. There was the trawler, for instance, torpedoed by a German submarine right in front of the lighthouse. And when the beacon lights swept over the sinking ship I could see the poor boys jumping overboard into the sea. What a nightmare as their screams sounded in my ears. I can bear anything but I cannot stand the horrible memory of that awful scene."

"At other times," she continued, "ships came right out of the night from nowhere and were dashed to pieces on the rocks."

Mme. Durand was appointed by the state to keep the five other women in lighthouse keeping and among her pupils was her daughter.

'As for me," she said, "my career is at an end. Soon I will retire and I will lower my anchor calmly and confidently for God knows that I have given good instructions to those who will take my place."

General Knowledge

Children Very Often Ignorant of Most Simple Things

The motor-coach was passing the Brass of Balquhidder, one of the famous beauty-spots of the Scottish Highlands, and the driver mentioned that Rob Roy's grave lay some two miles off the road.

A small boy—and a Scottish small boy—sitting behind, turned to his mother.

"Who was Rob Roy?" he asked.

"Of course you know," the mother replied vaguely. "He invented porridge."

It may sound unbelievable, but the writer was present when the incident occurred, and can vouch for its truth. And, unfortunately, too many young people have gaps just as startling in their knowledge.

A year or so ago, in an official report, a London school inspector revealed the fact that many London schoolchildren didn't know where such famous places as Westminster Abbey, St. Paul's Cathedral and Buckingham Palace are to be found.

He also stated that a third of the children of Islington, one of London's most populous boroughs, had never seen the Thames, although the river was less than an hour's walk from their homes.

There are thousands of other children in cities who have never seen a farm or a cow. Some of them event haven't the remotest idea of what cows are for.

School journeys are doing something to remedy this state of affairs, but there is still a great deal of ignorance of the simplest and most elementary things among our young people.

Yet general knowledge is supposed to be an important school subject. And the average child today does know about railways and motor-cars and all sorts of mechanical things.

This is all to the good, for we live in a machine age. But there is something more to life than just machinery, and it seems a pity that the children aren't learning about the other things as well.—Answers.

Small farms and gardens for the unemployed are being opened in Dutch Guiana.

Turkey has placed a "crisis" tax on all buildings in addition to the regular building tax.

War Debts And Credits

Cannot Be Divided Unless Allies Get Credit For Their Dead

An article in the Montreal Star says it is a fair conjecture that the payment of the December instalments actually add to the amounts which the European nations will ultimately have to pay, if they go on paying. But how can they? Germany has definitely stopped. Nothing will start her again. She repudiates with a great moral fervor because she is convinced that her debt always was unjust. If she does not pay, how can France and Great Britain raise the money? What they need is a moral fervor of their own which will declare to the world that the so-called war debts are simply an artificial and fantastic bookkeeper's effort to be divided into debts and credits—which cannot morally be so divided unless the Allies be given credit for their dead from Mons to Chateau Thierry.

Accomplishments Of Prince

Heir To British Throne Is An Expert Conjurer

Few people know the full extent of the Prince of Wales' accomplishments. His ability as a dancer is, of course, widely known, but he laments that he seldom finds a partner who can "tango" with the intricate rhythm so necessary for the full enjoyment of the dance. The Prince is also a past-master in the art of conjuring, and, in fact, had lessons from a world-famed magician a few years ago. Such tricks as turning a handkerchief into a flag and producing rabbits from a hat are small fry to the Prince. His ambition in this line, however, is to be able to do the famous "needle-swallowing" trick. Several needles are swallowed (sic), then a reel of cotton, and a glass of water. With the ejaculation of those magic words, "hey, presto," the needles are taken out of the mouth all nicely threaded together!

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

ESCAPE

When life has vanquished me,
And baffled, whipped, I stand
Where granite walls of misery
Rise high on either hand,
Do I in meekness bow
My head to bitter fate,
And weep for every broken vow,
Each pilfaged hope's estate?

When life would crush and rend,
I have a secret stair
By which my spirit can ascend,
The still, white way of prayer;
And up and up I climb
From out my prison-place,
Until I walk in realms sublime
Before Love's shining face!

Life cannot shut me in
Its dungeons of despair,
For I my sure escape can win
Along the way of prayer!

Safeguarding The Reckless

Inexperienced Pilots No Longer Allowed to Try Trans-Atlantic Flights

There will be universal approval of the action taken by the American government to prevent in future any trans-Atlantic flights by inexperienced pilots with inadequately equipped aircraft. The crossing of the Atlantic by air has become of no use whatever for purposes of scientific investigation and record. There is no longer either novelty or glory attaching to it. If the aviator gets across, well and good. If he does not, it is just another addition to the growing list of missing airmen. Both the trans-Atlantic flight and other hazardous ventures which have already been achieved by experienced and lucky aviators.—Montreal Star.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics is used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this exalted title. It has to its credit thousands of cases which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to even the most severe cases and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

Referring to George Washington, an American said to a Scotchman:

"He was a great and good man, sir. A lie never passed his lips."

"Weel," the Scot replied, "I presume he talked through his nose like the rest o' ye!"

The perfume of flowers is formed in the green part of the plant through the agency of chlorophyll.

Insurance companies in Greece have been ordered to contribute to the fire brigade's funds.

CANADIAN WOMEN FIND DUSTING DISTASTEFUL

Dust cloths going into discard; Unpleasant to use; a bother to Wash

APPLEFORD WONDER PAPER HAS GREAT VOGUE

Of all household tasks, that of dusting is the least appealing to the majority of women.

However, this condition, like many another connected with housework, is undergoing radical change. In a great many Canadian homes the women are discarding dust cloths entirely, and are using Appleford Wonder Paper instead, because it actually dusts—as it cleans—as it polishes, doing a better and much quicker job than the old dust cloth ever did.

This new, and extremely modern Wonder Paper, is made from clean rags, and soft paper pulp, treated in a scientific way with a high-grade furniture polish; and absorbs dirt instead of spreading it.

Appleford Wonder Paper comes in handy-size packages, twenty-five large sheets for twenty-five cents. You crumple a sheet into a soft wad and go over the surface requiring attention. Then when one side is soiled or worn, turn the Wonder Paper inside out. After you have given a quick and lasting finish to furniture and woodwork, you can still use Wonder Paper on the floors, if you wish.

And when you are through, there's no old duster to shake out or wash. Throw the soiled Wonder Paper away and you've completed the most tiresome part of housework in half the time and with half the effort.

Wonder Paper is made by the makers of the famous PARA-SANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box.

Special Offer

Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Appleford Wonder Paper in stock. If your local store hasn't, we'll be pleased to supply you from the factory. Just fill in and mail this coupon.

Appleford Paper Products, Ltd.,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Enclosed find 25c for which please send me one full-size package of *Wonder Paper* and your 100 recipes for "Left-overs."

Name.....

Address.....

My dealer is.....

431

JOIN SONGWRITERS CLUB
Keep money in Canada. Submit all your songs for publication. Advice, criticism free.
CANADA MUSIC PUBLISHING CO.,
623 Selkirk Ave., Winnipeg.

ZIG-ZAG CIGARETTE PAPERS
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK 120 LEAVES
5¢
FROM YOU CAN BUY
AVOID IMITATIONS

Little Helps For This Week

"He that dwelleth in the secret place of the Most High shall abide under the shadow of the Almighty."—Psalm 91:1.

They who on the Lord rely,
Safely dwell though danger's nigh;
Lo, His sheltering wings are spread
O'er each faithful servant's head.
When they wake or when they sleep,
Angel guards their vigils keep;
Death and danger may be near,
Faith and love have nought to fear.
—Harriet Auber.

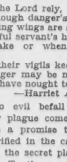
"There shall no evil befall thee, neither shall any plague come nigh thy dwelling," is a promise to the fullest extent verified in the case of all "who dwell in the secret place of the Most High." To them sorrows are not evils, sickneases are not plagues; the shadow of the Almighty extending far around those who abide under it, alters the character of all things which come within its influence.—Anon.

One of the commonest complaints of infant's is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Atlas did well for a weight lifter of his day and age, which was before Mussolini kept a nation of forty-two million in line with his chin.

Wife: "Ere you are, just 'ome after doin' two years for arson, and now you can't even make the kitchen fire draw!"

ALMOST FLAT ON HER BACK



Aching back! Will it never stop! She's nearly desperate. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has relieved "feminine troubles" for over 50 years.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
STOP HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

An Ideal Christmas Gift

MACLEAN'S MAGAZINE
$2.00 a year **$3.00** for two years.
Canada's National Magazine.

THE CHATELAINE
Devoted to Woman's Every Interest.
$1.00 a year. **$2.00** for 3 years.

The Saturday Evening Post
$4.50 a year

The Ladies Home Journal
$1.50 a year.

The Country Gentleman
$2.75 3 years.

CHAS. L. DUNFORD
Local Agent - Oyen, Alta

Subscribe to your home paper

About Town and Country

Eyes Examined at the Hotel Oyen, on Monday December 19. E. J. Anderson B.Sc. from Calgary in attendance

• • •

The Sunday school of Oyen United Church will hold its Christmas concert in Oyen Theatre, Thursday, December 22, commencing at 7.30 p.m.

• • •

Under the auspices of Oyen Board of Trade, a dance will be held in Oyen Theatre, Tuesday, December 20, for the benefit of the skating rink. Tickets are now on sale. Men 50c ladies 25c.

• • •

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Harold McDonald of Oyen, on Tuesday, December 13 1932, a daughter.

• • •

Mr. L. M. Klassen, Mr. Orily Waldo and Mr Fred Wilson left yesterday on a business trip to Calgary.

• • •

Mr. Louis Gillespie and Mr. Clifford Cates, who have been on a trip to the Lesser Slave Lake country, returned to Oyen last Monday. They brought back with them, a truckload of fish.

• • •

Work on the skating rink is being continued and it is expected that ice will be ready for use early next week.

• • •

Mr. Wm. Walsh was a business visitor in Youngstown yesterday.

• • •

One mother who still considers marcel waves as the most fashionable way of dressing the hair was at work on the job.

Her little eight year old girl was sitting on her father's lap watching her mother.

Every once in a while the baby fingers would slide over the smooth and glossy pate.

"No waves for you, daddy," remarked the little one. "You're all beach."

Subscribers are asked to look at the address label on their paper.

GO TO CHURCH SUNDAY

☛ Alex. R. McTavish R. O. Sight Specialist will visit Hotel, Oyen, Thursday December 22. The best in Optical service at reasonable prices.

• • •

Service on Christmas Day at Oyen United Church will be held at 11 o'clock a.m. The change from the regular evening hour is made so that friends from the country may more conveniently attend. Special Christmas music. All are cordially invited to be present at this service.

• • •

Mrs. G. M. Whitlock was a week-end visitor in town from Saskatoon.

• • •

Mr. W. Cunningham and family have moved into Oyen and are residing on Third avenue.

• • •

Mrs. Audibert is leaving to night for Toronto, to visit her daughter, Mrs. B. E. Kelly.

• • •

After a week of sub-zero temperatures, the weather "had a heart" Sunday evening when the thermometer registered 10 degrees above the zero mark. Some of this gain was lost during the night. The last three days the readings have been above zero, with 24 above as the high point. This morning's reading was 6 above, and as the day progressed a maximum of 20 was reached.

• • •

OYEN CARTAGE AND TRANSFER
Motor Truck Service
Water Delivered
Leave Orders on Pad in Office
W. D. MORRELL

Personal Greeting Cards *for* Christmas

neatly printed to your own order.

The Oyen News

Some stimulus to the coal industry in Alberta is indicated in the figures for production for the ten months of this year ending October 31, as compared with the same period of 1931. This year's production for the period has been 3,739,975 tons as compared with 3,435,901 tons for last year's period, an increase of 304,074 tons. In October alone there was an increase of 148,600 tons over the same month of last year.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—Two Canaries, 4 months old. Singers. $3.00 each. Apply: Mrs. S. B. Gullekson. Phone R1108.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL ACT OF ALBERTA

Application for Beer License

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board for a License to sell Beer by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption in conformity with the provisions of the Government Liquor Control Act of Alberta, and regulations made thereunder, with respect to the following premises:

The Sibbald Hotel, located on Lots (1) One and (2) Two in Block (2) Two, in the Hamlet of Sibbald Plan number A.V. 5039.

Dated at Sibbald, Alberta, this 28th day of November, 1932.

Henry Muhlbach, Sr.

Church Notices

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 11

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

EXCEL	11.00 a.m.
SUPERIOR	2.30 p.m.
OYEN	7.30 p.m.
SUNDAY SCHOOL	2.00 p.m.

Rev. E. F. KEMP
All Are Cordially Invited

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evensong ..... 3.00 p.m.

Rev. C. M. K. Parsons
Vicar.

Professional Cards

Dr. D. L. Dick
Physician and Surgeon
Office on First Avenue East
Phone No. 7
Oyen - Alta.

Miss Pearl Harvey
NURSE
Open for engagements
Fees very reasonable
Oyen - Alberta

MUSIC LESSONS

Miss Lillian Reinholt
A.T.C.M.
(7 years Mount Royal College)
PIANOFORTE LESSONS
Preparation for Toronto Conservatory of Music examinations.
Studio on Main street, Oyen
Four doors south of Second avenue, (West side)
Box 27, Oyen, Alberta.

Advertising . . . . .

Business goes where it is invited and stays where it is well served. Now more than ever the buying public is looking for best values. Give your message to the public each week through the columns of

The Oyen News